THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 55—No. 21. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, May 28, 1873. Established 1818.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $100 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

Is published every Wednesday in the old Argus building on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at $2 per year in advance.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

WEYAND & TREIBER, Beaver, Pa.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

F. H. AGNEW. J. M. BUCHANAN.

AGNEW & BUCHANAN,
Attorneys at Law,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a.
oct9-1y Opposite the Argus office.

J. F. DUNLAP,

Attorney at Law. Office in the Court House, Beaver, Pa. All business promptly attended to. (may5-74.1y.

DR. THOS. DONEHOO will practice his profession in Beaver and surrounding country. Office in the Border building, 3d street, Beaver, Pa. apr23-1yr.

M. E. J. LAWRENCE—Physician and Surgeon—Office, in room formerly occupied by U. S. Revenue Assessor, 3d Street, Beaver, Pa. apr16-1y

J. W. MILLER—Physician and Surgeon office that formerly occupied by Drs. McKinley & Lawrence—Residence, Dr. McNutt's house. 49-1y

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK neatly and expeditiously executed at the Argus office.

O. A. SMALL—Attorney at law, Beaver, Pa. Office in the Court House.

JOHN B. YOUNG, Attorney at Law. Office and residence on Third st., east of the Court House. Business promptly attended to. apr27:1y

J. H. McCREERY, Attorney at Law. Office on Third st., below the Court House. All business promptly attended to. jc22, 70tf

P. F. KUHN & JAMES H. CUNNINGHAM, Attorneys at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar30;70;1y

HENRY HERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep28:1y

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep28;1y

NEW BRIGHTON.

CHAS. COALE, Dealer in paints, oil, glass, nails, plate-glass, looking-glasses, frames, garden and flower-seeds and fancy fowls. Falls street, New Brighton. sep27:71-1y

WISENER & BINGHAM, manufacturers of carriages, buggies, spring-wagons, buck-wagons and vehicles of every description, Bridge St. Both practical workmen. Successors to George Metz.

P. LANGNECKER, dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Repairing neatly executed, Broadway, near Falls-st. nov1'71-1y

J. W. NIPPERT, Baker & Confectioner; Ice-cream, Oysters and Game in season. Balls, Pic-Nics, Weddings, &c., supplied. nov1

WM. WALLACE, Dealer in Italian & American Marble; Manufacturer Monuments, Gravestones & slabs at reasonable prices. Railroad st., near new Depot, New Brighton. [sep27

BON TON RESTAURANT and EATING Saloon; meales at all hours; tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Prices low. Wm. Strickland, cor. of Paul and Broadway. my24'71-1y

S. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors, 36 Broadway, New Brighton. See adv [sp14;1y

H. NOSS, Photographer. Willson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. (sep;4:1y

BEAVER FALLS.

WM. ROBERTSON, Dealer in the justly celebrated Domestic Sewing Machine. Ladies call and be convinced. Main st., B. Falls. (ap27

STEVENSON & WITTISH, Land Office, 198 Penn St., Pittsburgh, and Beaver Falls, Beaver Co., Pa. aug28;1y.

D. STEWART & SON, Dealers in Yankee Notions, &c., Main St., Beaver Falls. sep13;1y

BRIDGEWATER.

L. F. WEINMAN, Manufacture of Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater. (sep27;1y

J. EALTO'S Shady-Side Photograph Gallery, 2d floor, Dunlap's corner, opposite toll bridge, Bridgewater, Pa. apr16-1y

A. BREIM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. [feb13-71;1y

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but experienced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. feb5-71;1y.

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14;1y

ROCHESTER.

W. W. JOHNSON—Dealer in Wall Paper of all kinds; Oil-Cloth; Window Blinds; Trunks; Satchels; Baskets; Toy Carts; Wagons; Chairs and Toys of every description. Near Depot nov20-1y.

DONCASTER HOUSE.—David Wolf Proprietor. *Bis Bono Publico.* R. R. Street, near station. nov20-tf.

THOS. KENNEDY & CO, (successors to Wm. Baechling,) Druggists and Chemists. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. Fifth Diamond, Rochester. sep4,1y

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. (sep14;1y

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds. Brighton st., above Plow Factory. See adv't. (sep14;1y

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14;1y

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, at stores, Iron & Nails. Cor Water & James sts.

MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c. Rochester, in Lumber Lath &c. Rochester. [sep21;1y

STEPTOE, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Hopkins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. sp28;1y

STEPTOE & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stables. Near R. R. Depot. oct19;1y

ALLEGHENY CITY.

DR. J. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician: Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, 187 Washington avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. [sep14;1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. SNEAD, Freedom, Beaver county, Pa., dealer in Sawed and Planed Lumber of all kinds. Plats and Barges built to order. Jan9'71-1y

JOHN THORNLEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension top and centre. Fallston, Pa.

N. D. CONE, M. D., Late of Darlington, having removed to New-Brighton, offers his medical services, in all its branches, to the people of the city and surrounding country. Office corner of Butler and Broadway. sep13;1y

W. W. BARKER,
(Successor to Barker & Hazeltine.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
CHROMO LITHOGRAPHS,
Engravings Lithographs, Plain and Colored, Photographs, Passe Partouts, Mouldings and Picture Frames of all kinds, 87 Fifth Avenue, 13 doors above Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [mar5'72 1y

Homes Still Larger
FOR THE MILLION!

Rare opportunities are now offered for securing homes in a *mild, healthy,* and *congenial* climate for one-third of their value five years hence.

THE NATIONAL REAL ESTATE AGENCY has for sale real estate of every description, located in the Middle and Southern States: *improved stock, grain* and *fruit* farms, *rice, sugar* and *cotton* plantations; *timber* and *mineral* lands; *city, village,* and *rural* residence, and *business* stands; *mills* and *mill sites, factories,* &c.

Write for *Land Register* containing description, location, price and terms of properties we have for sale. Address—B. W. CLARKE & CO.

The National Real Estate Agency,
477 and 479 Penna Avenue, Washington, D. C.
mar3-tf.

Agents Wanted.

Wanted immediately, four active, energetic men to act as Agents for the "NEW" WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE *in this county.* Only such men as can give good reference as to character and ability, and furnish a *Bond* need apply. We will pay *guaranteed salaries,* or *liberal commissions,* to *proper men.* Only such men as *really desire* to enter the business need apply. WM. SUMNER & CO., No. 140 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [mar5;1y

AVOID QUACKS AND IMPOSTORS

No Charge for Advice and Consultation.

Dr. J. B. Dyott, Graduate of *Jefferson Medical College,* Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat disease with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letters describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the *Guide to Health.* Price 10 cents.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, feb5-1y] 104 Duane St., New York.

$50,000 Reward!

Will be distributed to subscribers to the AMERICAN WORKING PEOPLE in 1873. It is the only Workingman's Tariff Monthly; has 16 large quarto pages with Illustrations.

Every Subscriber Gets a Premium,

varying from 25 cents in value to $500 in greenbacks. Among the premiums are 2 of $500 in greenbacks; 2 of $200; 10 of $100; 100 of $10; 500 of $5; 5 Parlor Organs, $250 each; 10 Sewing Machines, $80 each; 50 American Watches, $40 each; besides many thousand of smaller premiums. Only $1 50 per year; sent on trial three months for 25 cents. Send for specimen to

CAPRON & CO.,
apr2-3m Box 5, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Luther S. Kauffman,
Stock and Note Broker,
116 *SMITHFIELD STREET,*

ORDERS SOLICITED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF

STOCKS, BONDS
AND
MORTGAGES.

feb19-4m

Insurance.

ALPS INSURANCE COMPANY
OF ERIE, PA.

Cash Capital $250,000 00
Assets, Oct. 9, '71, 311,948 29
Liabilities, - - - 5,200 00

O. NOBLE, President; J. P. VINCENT, Vice Pt.
H. W. Woods, Treasurer;
Thos. F. Goodrich, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. O Noble,	Erie	Hon. Geo. B. Delameter,	
J W Hammond,	do	Meadville, Pa.	
Hon Selden Marvin,	do	Hon J P Vincent,	Erie
Hiram Daggett,	do	Henry Rawle	do
Charles H Reed,	do	G T Churchill	do
H S Southard,	do	Capt J S Richards	do
W B Sterritt,	do	Richard O'Brian,	do
H W Noble,	do	F H Gobbs,	do
J Englehart,	do	John R Cochran,	do
J H. Nell,	do	M Hartlebb,	do
W H Abbott, Titusville.		Capt D P Dobbins,	do
		Jno Fertig, Titusville.	

Policies issued at fair rates and liberal terms. Insures against damage by Lightning as well as Fire.

CHAS. R. HURST, Ag't.
Rochester, Pa., Dec. 20, 1871; 1y

G. L. EBERHART.....W. L. BEDISON.

A Word With You!

If you want to buy property,
If you want to sell property,
If you want your house insured,
If you want your goods insured,
If you want your life insured,
If you want to insure against accident,
If you want to lease your house,
If you want to hire a house,
If you want to buy a farm,
If you want to sell a farm,
If you want any legal writing done,
Do not fail to call at the office of

Eberhart & Bedison,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS
AND
Real Estate Brokers,
No. 223 Broadway, New-Brighton,
aug2-tf] Beaver county, Penn.

Professional Cards.

GILBERT L. EBERHART.
Attorney at Law,

Will give prompt attention to collections, procuring bounties and pensions, buying and selling real estate, etc.

Office on Broadway, opposite R. E. & H. Hoopes' Banking House, New Brighton, Beaver Co., Pa. sep 4tf

JAMES CAMERON. JOHN Y. MARKS.

CAMERON & MARKS.
Attorneys at Law
And Real Estate Agents,
Rochester, Pa.,

Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care, and have superior facilities for buying and selling real estate. dec11;1y

T. J. CHANDLER,
Dentist, will continue to perform all operations in the dental profession at his office, Beaver station, Rochester. All who favor him with a call may expect to have their work done in the best possible manner, and the most reasonable terms.

The books of the late firm of T. J. CHANDLER & SON are in his hands, where all who have accounts will please call immediately and settle the same. may1'73;1y

Dentistry.

Dr. J. Murray, of Bridgewater, has determined that no Dentist in the State shall do work better or cheaper than he offers it to his patrons.—He uses the best materials and employs the most skilful dentists in the United States. Gold and all other filling performed in a style that defies competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations, or the money returned. Give him a trial. feb2:1y

Manufacturers.

POINT PLANING MILLS,
WATER ST., ROCHESTER, PA.

HENRY WHITEFIELD,
MANUFACTURER OF
Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Floor-boards, Weather-boards, Palings Brackets, &c., &c. Also,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES AND BUILDING TIMBER.

Having purchased the the territorial interest of Mr J. C. Anderson, owner of the several patents covering certain improvements in the construction and joining of weather-boards and linings for houses and other buildings, we are the only persons authorized to make and sell the same within the limits of Beaver county. Parties interested will please observe this.

Carpenters' Supplies Constantly Kept on Hand.

Every manner of Shop-Work made to order. oct4;1y

FALLSTON
Foundry & Repair Shop.

Having been Engaged in the Foundry Business for more than thirty years,—during which time I have accumulated a variety of useful patterns, besides constructing models and taking out patents for improvements on

COOKING - STOVES

—and after having thoroughly tested these improvements, I feel warranted in offering them to the public.

PLOWS,
The GREAT WESTERN has no Superior for this Locality.

STOVES:

Stoves of Different Styles for Heating and Cooking.

The Great Republic ooki ng Stove

Has the best Record of any Stove ever offered in this market.

IT TAKES LESS FUEL,

LESS ROOM TO DO MORE WORK,

BEST BAKER,
MOST DURABLE
ALTOGETHER
THE BEST STOVE IN USE

In connection with the stove I have got up a Patent

EXTENSION TOP,

which occupies little room, no additional fuel, and is not liable to wear out, dispenses with all pipe, can be put on or taken off at any time, and made to suit all stoves of any size or pattern.

Five Hundred Persons

Who have purchased and used the

GREAT REPUBLIC COOKING STOVE,

Most of whose names have been published in the ARGUS, are confidently referred to, to bear witness of its superior merits as a cooking stove.

Having three first class engines on hand, of about fifteen horse power capacity, they are offered to the public at reasonable rates.

JOHN THORNILEY.
sep20;tf.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE

SITUATED 1-2 MILE BELOW BEAVER,

and having a delightful view of the Ohio river and surrounding country; 1 mile from R. R. Station; house brick, two stories high, 4 rooms, attic, hall, cellar, porch, etc.; all finished; wash-house, smoke-house, well of water at the kitchen door; new barn and stable with cellar. Nice paling fence in front of property; all well painted; good orchard in bearing condition, grapes, plumbs, cherries, gooseberries, and all kinds of small fruit. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to the owner, J. M. GRAHAM.
mar5-tf

Dry Goods.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS
AND
RETAILERS
—OF—
DRY-GOODS,
JOB LOTS
FROM
EASTERN
AUCTION
SALES
Nos. 172 and 174,
Federal Street,
Allegheny
CITY.

dec18-1y

Insurance.

ROCHESTER
Fire Insurance Company.

INCORPORATED by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, February, 1852. Office one door east of Rochester Savings Bank, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

People of Beaver county can now have their property insured against loss or damage by fire, at fair rates, in a safe and

RELIABLE HOME COMPANY,

thereby avoiding the expense, trouble and delay incident to the adjustment of losses by companies located at a distance.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. V. M'Donald.	George C. Speyerer,
Samuel B. Wilson,	Lewis Schneider,
William Kennedy,	John Grebing,
Marshall M'Donald	R. B. Edgar,
M. Camp, Jr.,	C. B. Hurst,
David Lowry	Henry Gerhing.

OFFICERS:
GEO. C. SPEYERER, Pres't.
J. V. M'DONALD, V. Pres't.
H. J. SPEYERER, Treas.
JOHN GREBING, JR., Sec'y. 1y31;1y

WILLIAM MILLER, - - - - - JACOB TRAX,
PLANING MILL.
MILLER & TRAX,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Dressed Lumber,
SASH, DOORS, SHUTTERS, SIDING, FLOORING, MOULDINGS, &c.

Scroll Sawing and Turning
DONE TO ORDER,

ORDERS BY MAIL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED, AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Mill Opposite the Railroad Station,
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.
april 19 '71; 1y

Brighton Paper Mills,
BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,
MANILLA,
ROOFING, BAILING,
Hardware, Glass, Straw.
RAG AND CARPET
PAPERS.
MANUFACTURED
And Sold At
Wholesale & Retail by
Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH
☞ Rags taken in exchange. [sep19;'69

Boots and Shoes.

REMOVAL.

GILL & BRO.

WHOLESALE

Boot & Shoe House,

Have removed to the

NEW, LARGE & ELEGANT FOUR-STORY

IRON-FRONT WAREHOUSE,

No. 253 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

5 Doors from Head of Wood Street,

And are now receiving one of the largest Spring stocks ever brought to this market. An examination solicited by all buyers before purchasing elsewhere. All goods sold at

THE LOWEST EASTERN RATES.

mar5-3m

New Upholstering House.

THEOPHILUS ROLLER,

150 OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Begs to notify the trade and public generally that he has opened the above business with a fine stock of Parlor Furniture as his specialty. His patent Reversable Spring Mattress is manufactured and for sale by him. Send for Price List. 5-7-1m.

Railroads.

RAILROADS.—Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway.—Condensed Time Table from December 23, 1872.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	No. 1. Fst Ex	No. 3. Mail.	No. 7. Packet	No. 5. Mail Ex.
Pittsburgh	1.45AM	9.00AM	9.10AM	1.30PM
Rochester	3.29	11.12	10.56	3.07
Alliance	3.51	11.32	11.20PM	3.25
Orrville	4.51	12.19PM	12.07	7.08
Mansfield	6.35	2.15	2.09	9.11
Crestline { A	7.20	2.52	2.40	9.49
Crestline { D	9.40	3.55AM	4.00	9.50
Forest	10.05	7.40	7.25	11.75
Lima	12.35PM	9.00	9.15	2.17AM
Fort Wayne	2.40	11.20	11.00AM	5.25
Plymouth	6.45	2.35PM	2.25	8.05
Chicago	7.50	3.30	4.20	9.10

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	No. 6. Mail.	No. 2. Fst Ex	No. 8. Packet	No. 4. Mail Ex.
Chicago	8.15AM	9.30AM	5.30PM	9.05PM
Plymouth	9.15	12.25PM	6.55	12.05AM
Fort Wayne	12.30PM	3.20	11.00	3.20
Lima	2.45	5.07	1.18AM	5.05PM
Forest	4.30	6.58	2.27	6.27
Crestline { A	5.35	8.05	3.35	7.10
Crestline { D	6.00AM	8.50	4.15	11.30AM
Mansfield	6.40	9.10	4.43	12.05PM
Orrville	9.05	11.20	6.37	2.12
Alliance	11.10	1.10	8.35	4.20
Rochester	2.20PM	4.12AM	10.49	6.55
Pittsburgh	4.00	6.00	1.45AM	8.00

☞ No. 1 daily except Monday; Nos. 2, 4, 6, 7 & 8, daily, except Sunday; Nos. 3 & 5, daily.

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after Dec. 22, 1873, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Exp.	Accom
Cleveland	8.30AM	1.55PM	4.00PM
Hudson	9.43	3.03	5.18
Ravenna	10.15	3.33	6.48
Alliance	11.10	4.13	6.35
Bayard	11.44	4.44	
Wellsville	1.10PM	6.00	
Pittsburgh	3.10	8.20	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom
Pittsburgh	8.30AM	1.45PM	
Wellsville	9.35	3.40	
Bayard	10.30	4.53	
Alliance	11.25	5.17	7.25AM
Ravenna	12.15PM	5.55	8.15
Hudson	1.45	7.20	9.30
Cleveland	4.55	7.20	10.15

Arrives.
Bayard 12-10 & 500 p. m. N. Phila. 6;40 a. m. & 1pm. | N. Phila. 8;00 & 730 p.m. Bayard 9;45 a.m. & 4 p.m.

RIVER DIVISION.

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Accom	Mail.	Exp's	Accom
Bellair	6.45AM	10.50AM	3.33PM	
Bridgeport	6.53	11.00	3.45	
Steubenville	7.57	12.15PM	4.45	
Wellsville	8.15	1.35	6.20	
Rochester	9.30	3.35	7.15	
Pittsburgh	12.40	6.40	9.20	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Accom
Pittsburgh	8.30AM	1.15PM	4.25PM	
Rochester	7.40	2.20	5.30	
Wellsville	8.50	3.20	7.00	
Steubenville	9.50	4.20	8.00	
Bridgeport	11.05	5.35	9.05	
Bellair	12.10	6.10	10.00	

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Manufacturers.

J. B. SNEAD
Has now in operation a new
SAW AND PLANING MILL
IN FREEDOM, PA.,
Having the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of
FLOORING,
SIDING
LATH &C. &C.
and is now prepared to attend to the building and repairing of
Steamboats, Barges, Flats, &c., &c.
Keeping constantly on hand a superior quality of Lumber. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. All orders promptly executed. [aug2-1y

Chas. B. Hurst's
INSURANCE
AND
General Agency Office,
NEAR THE DEPOT
ROCHESTER, PENNA.

Notary Public and Conveyancer,

FIRE, LIFE, and ACCIDENT INSURANCE; "Anchor" and "National" Lines of Ocean Steamers; "Adams" and "Union" Express Agent.

All kinds of Insurance at fair rates and liberal terms. Real Estate bought and sold. Deeds, Mortgages, Articles, &c., written; Depositions and Acknowledgements taken, &c., &c. Goods and Money forwarded to all parts of the United States and Canada. Passengers booked to and from England, Ireland, Scotland, France and Germany.

ÆTNA FIRE INS. CO.,
Of Hartford, Conn.,
Cash assetts.....$6,000,000
"By their fruits ye know them."
Losses paid to Jan. 1, 1871....$28,000,000
One of the oldest and wealthiest Companies in the world.

NIAGARA Insurance Co.,
Of New York.
Cash assetts,.....$1,500,000

ANDES FIRE INS. CO.,
Of Cincinnati, Ohio.
Cash assetts,.....$1,500,000

ENTERPRISE INS. CO.,
Of Philadelphia.
Cash assetts over.....$600,000

LANCASTER Fire Ins. Co.
Of Lancaster, Pa.
Cash assetts.....$240,000

ALPS INSURANCE CO.,
Of Erie, Penna.
Cash capital,.....$250,000

HOME LIFE INS. CO,
Of New York
Cash assets,.....$3,500,000

Travelers' Life & Accident Insurance Co.,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash assetts over.....$1,500,000.

Representing the above first class Insurance Companies, acknowledged to be amongst the best and most reliable in the world, and representing a gross cash capital of nearly $16,000,000, I am enabled to take Insurance to any amount desired. Applications promptly attended to, and Policies written without delay, and at fair rates and liberal terms. *Losses liberally adjusted and promptly aid.* INSURE TO DAY! By one day's delay you may lose the savings of years. Delays are dangerous, and life uncertain; therefore, Insure *to-day!* "*One to-day, is worth two to-morrows.*"—Quality, also, is of the utmost importance. The low priced, worthless article, always proves the dearest. The above companies are known to be amongst the best and wealthiest in the world.—"As ye sow that shall you reap."

Grateful for the very liberal patronage already bestowed, I hope—by a strict attention to a legitimate business—not only to merit a continuence of the same, but a large increase the present year.

Mr. STEPHEN A. CRAIG is duly authorized to take applications for Insurance and receive the premium for the same in adjoining townships.

CHAS. R. HURST,
Near Depot, Rochester, Pa. [je14;1y

SELECT POETRY.

FARMER [illegible]'S.

Latest in the series of [illegible]'s very characteristic "Farm [illegible]," in this autograph of the medical cou[illegible] enthrones upon the assumed professional [illegible] of some fifty-[illegible] the doctor reigns:

I.

Good folks ever will have their way—
Good folks ever for it must pay;
But we, who are here and everywhere,
The burden of their faults must bear.

We must shoulder others' blame—
Fight their battles and take their blame.

Purge the body and humor the mind:
Doctor the eyes when the soul is blind.

Build the column of healthiest meat,
On the quicksands of neglect.

Always shouldering others' crime—
Bearing their faults and taking the blame.

II.

Deacon Rogers, he came to me;
"Wife is a gola' to die," says he.

"Doctors great, an' doctors small,
Haven't improved her say at all.

"Physic and blister, powder and pills,
And nothing sure but the doctors' bills!

"Twenty old women, with remedies new,
Bother my wife the whole day through.

"Sweet as honey, or bitter as gall—
Poor old woman, she takes 'em all;

"Sour or sweet, whatever they choose,
Poor old woman, she daren't refuse.

"So she pleases whoever may call,
An' death is united the best to all.

"Physic an' blister, powder an' pill—
Bound to conquer, an' sure to kill!"

III.

Mrs. Rogers lay in her bed,
Bandaged and blistered from foot to head.

Blistered and bandaged from head to toe,
Mrs. Rogers was very low.

Bottle and saucer, spoon and cup,
On the table stood bravely up;

Physics of high and low degree;
Calomel, catnip, boneset tea;

Everything a body could buy
Excepting light and water and air.

IV.

I opened the blinds; the day was bright,
And God gave Mrs. Rogers some light.

I opened the window; the day was fair,
And God gave Mrs. Rogers some air.

Bottles and blisters, powders and pills,
Catnip, boneset, syrups and squills.

Drugs and medicines, high and low,
I threw them as far as I could throw.

"What are you doing?" my patient cried;
"Frightening Death," I coolly replied.

"You are crazy!" a visitor said;
I flung a bottle at her head.

V.

Deacon Rogers, he came to me;
"Wife is a comin' around," said he.

"I re'lly think she will worry through;
She scolds me just as she used to do.

"All the people have pooked an' slurred—
All the neighbors have had their word;

"'Twas better to perish, some of 'em say,
Than be cured in such an irregular way."

VI.

"Your wife," said I, "had God's good care,
And His remedies—light and water and air.

"All of the doctors, beyond a doubt,
Couldn't have cured Mrs. Rogers without."

VII.

The Deacon smiled and bowed his head;
"Then your bill is nothing," he said.

"God's be the glory, doctor small;
God bless you, doctor, I need say! good day!

VIII.

If ever I doctor that woman again,
I'll give her medicines made by men.

SELECT MISCELLANY.

A CROOKED OLD WOMAN'S STORY.

"So you want to hear my story? Twenty years ago you wouldn't have had to ask. Every man woman and child hereabouts knew it then. But the old people are dead; the children are men and women, gone away to seek their fortunes; new people have come in the old ones' places, and its little the new ones care for Hunchback Margery's story. Then, too, after Lily was married, I left the old place, and moved up here on the hill. There wasn't any need of keeping two rooms for one lone woman. It is pleasant on the hill. I like to sit by the window at night, and look down over the silent city, when the roar and howl are all still, and poor people have forgotten their troubles. I like to sit here in the night and watch the long rows of gaslights, twinkling through the mist like so many little stars, stretching miles away down the streets, and winding in and out through the hills. I can tell you my story better here.

And so, sitting there in the dusk by the window, on the hill above the silent city, silent as an enchanted city of old, looking dreamily down at the long rows of lamps, stretching miles away through the streets, and winding in and out among the hills, we listened to Hunchback Margery's story.

"I have no story worth telling, before Lily was born. I was ten years old then. Then's when my story began. Lily is so bound up with my story, and woven in and out through it, that, take Lily away, and I should have no story at all. My father died the day Lily was born. One went out of the world as the other came in. One solved the mystery of death just as the other began to know the mystery of life. Which is the greater mystery life or death? I don't know. Only I am sure that death itself can never be a greater mystery than my life has been to me. A lone woman with a crooked back has time for queer thoughts, different from the thoughts of other women, may be.

"But I wasn't a crooked-back when Lily was born. I was straight and strong as a young tree then. I took the little new baby in my arms and carried her to the bed where father lay dying. He could hardly see for the dimness of death which was gathering in his eyes. I have my father's eyes, large and black, with long lashes, the only beauty about me, you see. My father laid his head feebly upon the head of the little one. He could only speak a faint whisper.

"Is it a girl?" he said.

"It's a girl, papa."

"My father didn't speak for a minute, and then he gathered all the little strength he had left, and murmured faintly:

"Take care of her Margery.

"So you see the child was a solemn bequest to me, in a manner. My father never spoke again, and in a few minutes he was dead. And he was the only friend I ever had."

Margery paused a moment. We could see in the dim light that she wiped a tear from her still beautiful eyes, with their long black lashes. Then she went on:

"From that day I gave my life up to Lily. That's my story, long or short. I was wrong. No one ought to give his lifetime, or even the best years of it, up to another. God never meant it. You may make a slave of yourself to somebody, and the more you slave the more you may slave, and by and by you'll be looked upon as a slave. You may give yourself up soul and body to work for another, all your life long, just out of pure love. What then? Be sure you'll get no thanks for it, and your owner'll not think a bit more of you for it. That's one of the queer things I've observed in this world, being a solitary woman with a crooked back, and having no company but my own thoughts, for fifteen years. Women are more apt to slink into this slavish existence than men. I've seen a woman fairly crawl on her hands and knees to please a man, work her life out inch by inch for him, without a thought or care for herself. What did her husband do? He mostly left his wife at home in the kitchen, and went off to play gallant to some other woman who wasn't worth his wife's little finger-nail. It was hard for the poor wife, but it was good enough for her. Make a slave of yourself and you'll be treated as a slave. Though I've noticed that where a man's wife drudges her life out for him, is mostly happens in turn that his second wife gets her foot upon his neck in the same way. It's a retribution of Providence on him.

"Just so I gave my life up to Lily. I don't complain of it, or regret of it, mind you; yet its but sorrow comfort to remember it now. I washed and dressed baby Lily, and slept with her and fed her, and took care of her night and day. She would cry if mother took her away from me. Not that mother cared. Mother never cared for anything much but herself. She had been the beauty of a large family. The beauty of the family is nearly always disagreeable. Mother was a spoilt, selfish beauty when father married her. She stayed spoilt and selfish as long as she lived, though she wasn't a beauty any longer. I am sure she had a grudge against the memory of my father for dying and leaving her poor. She used to say she wondered what ever made her such an idiot as to marry father. I dare say many another woman wonders the same thing about her husband, after awhile.

"Mother had a grudge at me because I was like poor father, I think. She said I had no spirit or life in me; just like my father. Lily was beautiful, like mother. I was the drudge, like father. We became too poor to keep a servant, after awhile, and I maid of all work. I never cared for schooling much. I was a stupid poke, like father, mother said. So I worked about the house, and took care of Lily. We kept a lodger or two in the house, and so managed to live. Lily was as beautiful as a child angel; though she wasn't much like an angel, to be sure. But the child was spoilt from the beginning. Her eyes were as blue as the spring violets, and people told her so from the time she was two years old. Her hair was like a brown autumn leaf showered over with gold dust, and people told her that, too. She was a willful little thing from the first, and always took her own head. She ruled mother with a rod of iron, and they both together ruled me.

"When I was fifteen years old, that happened to me which—which made me what you see. Life used to look bright to me before that. I used to sit at night and look out in the darkness and dream of a home and happiness which might one day be mine. Why not? Every girl dreams so. My idea of happiness is just a home. Even as I sat looking out in the darkness, then a dreaming girl of fifteen, even so I sit here now alone by my window at night and dream that the good I have missed on earth will be made up to me in heaven. I believe that for all the poor people in the world, and God knows all! Ah, well! The home and happiness were never to be. My life has been nearly all darkness and gloomy weather. But once I heard a learned man say that above the clouds the sun is always shining. I remember that. And I am sure that must be how it is. When we pierce the clouds it will be all brightness and joy.

"I can hardly tell you the next. I don't know very well myself, only I know that my mother always blamed me for it, and said it was all my stupidity. Lily was a headstrong child, as I said; a roaring little vixen when her temper was up. If she was crossed in anything, she would bellow and scream till she would turn black in the face, and mother would be afraid she would burst something, and so let her have her own way. That's how she managed mother. If I had children of my own, I'd never give up to them for fear they'd scream and burst themselves. I'd let 'em burst. But Lily always had her own way. She was the most aggravating young one, she was. If she thought you wanted her to do anything in particular, you might have taken her head off for her before she'd have done it; if she knew you didn't want her to do anything, she ran right off and did it before you could blink your eye. But I loved her dearly. She was my beautiful sister, and father had said with his dying breath: "Take care of her Margery."

"Mother and I had to be constantly on the watch, to keep her out of danger. But one day she escaped our eyes, and ran out into the street, I missed her in a moment, and went after her. I saw her from the front gate. She saw me too, and that moment the imp of mischief possessed the child, and she started to run across the street as fast as her wilful little feet would carry her. I ran after her, of course. And if I live a thousand years, and lose all remembrance of everything else on earth, I shall never forget the next frightful moment. A cold damp comes out over my body, and I turn faint and sick when I think of it. I never think of it when I can help. Oh! it was awful! I had reached the middle of the street. Four teams of runaway horses, harnessed to a heavy wagon, came thundering and roaring down upon me, like a hundred infernal spirits. I have read of those terrible horses in the Book of Revelation, which are to destroy the third part of the kingdoms of this world, whose heads were as the heads of lions, and out of their mouths issued fire, smoke and brimstone, and it was like the horses which came thundering down upon me that day. I felt the hot breath of their flaming nostrils against my cheek. I saw their wild, mad, awful eyes as they seemed burning into my heart. I snatched Lily in my arms and ran like the wind. And I don't know any more.

"They said something struck me in the back and I was thrown senseless against the sidewalk, still holding on like iron to the child in my arms. I had surely saved Lily's life, they said. It has comforted me ever since to know that my beautiful sister is one of the most brilliant and admired of women, and only for me those wild horses would have trampled her to death that day. Only for me, the beautiful, grand lady would never have been. But I knew nothing of it all then. One morning I seemed to awake from a long troub

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, - - - - - - - - EDITOR.

Beaver, Pa., May 28, 1873.

WE are requested by the committee appointed last year, to take charge of the memorial services this year, to give the soldiers of this vicinity, and the citizens generally, (male and female) a cordial invitation to meet with them at the Court House in Beaver, on Friday next, at 1. p. m. for the purpose of paying appropriate honors to the dead soldiers who rest in the cemeteries near Beaver. We trust that business will be generally suspended during the afternoon of that day, and that the people will come together and lay their tributes of respect upon the graves of those who died in their country's service.

OVER 1,000 hotels in Pennsylvania have been closed since the vote on the license question a few months ago. At least, so *The Philadelphia Press* says.

THE President of the United States has ordered the Departments at Washington to be closed on Decoration Day, so that all who desire to do so, may take part in the exercises of the occasion. Gov. Dix of New York has also suggested the propriety of suspending business on that day.

THE *Radical* says that the mixed system of nominating candidates has been "adopted by the Lawrence county Republicans, with whom it is said to work well." The *Radical* editor is either a knave or as ignorant as a mule: The mixed system is not in use in Lawrence county now at all. The Republicans tried it there, until it nearly ruined their organization when they gave it up and adopted the system, then and now, in vogue in Beaver county. Nearly every person in that county is heartily satisfied with the plurality method of nominating candidates, and not one in twenty could now be found to advocate a return to the mixed system—the plan on which the *Radical's* heart seems to be set.

IN view of the probability of the popular vote system of nominating candidates being abolished and the mixed system adopted, the political roosters of this county have, it is thought, already fixed the prices which they will charge aspirants for nominations in the future. The scale runs about as follows:

For Poor House Director	$ 10
For Jury Commissioner	10
For County Commissioner	50
For Clerk of Court	100
For Register and Recorder	200
For Sheriff	250
For Treasurer	250
For Prothonotary	250
For Prosecuting Attorney	100
For Assembly	250
For Senator (after Rutan is through)	400
For Congress	500
For County Auditor (must subscribe for the *Radical*.)	
For Trustee of Academy (must subscribe for the *Radical*.)	

THE Ohio Republicans are after the back pay salary grabbers. The following resolution was adopted by the Republican State Convention which was in session last week at Columbus:

We condemn without reserve the voting for or receiving of increased pay for services already rendered, and demand that the provisions of the late act of Congress by which the salaries were increased should be promptly and unconditionally repealed.

The Republican State Convention which will soon meet at Harrisburg will not imitate the example set in Ohio. Senator Cameron will own the Pennsylvania gathering and as he is a salary grabber himself, he will take good care that no resolutions denouncing that fraud be offered in the State Convention, or if offered that they be promptly voted down.

WE see it announced that Harry White has notified the Constitutional Convention that being a Senator as well as a delegate, he does not propose to draw his salary for acting in the latter of his numerous capacities. We are inclined to be very cautious how we give Harry credit for sincerity for any acts really meritorious and apparently performed from good motives. The people too well remember his duplicity and double dealing last winter, in appearing one day in his seat as Senator to assist in defeating the modification of the Philadelphia election laws, and in performing any dirty work of caucus or Ring dictation, and the next day turning up in the Convention as the most earnest advocate of Reform. We do not take much stock in his dodge of refusing his pay, and look on it as a bad sign. We are afraid Harry wants to afflict us as Butler is scheeming to afflict the Bay State, by trying to be Governor. May a kind Providence avert such a calamity in both States!—*Lancaster Express.*

THE primary meetings are held next Saturday. On the following Monday the county committeemen meet at the county seat to foot up the returns and announce the result. After that the public will have a breathing spell again. We earnestly hope that the Republicans of the county will exercise great care on the day named in casting their votes. The very best men should always be voted for whether we like them personally or not. In this way good officers are obtained, and a county's character made up. Within the past three or four years the political wheel, in this county, has not always turned up first class men. In fact it has given us several court house officers, who are not only illiterate, and boorish, but who are untrustworthy besides. We are afraid that strangers will look upon these men as fair representatives of the people of the county. That they do not represent the intelligence, integrity, and good-breeding of our people, we unhesitatingly aver. They were chosen thoughtlessly, and we do not believe that any of them will ever be elected to any position in this county again.

We repeat then, that great care should be taken on next Saturday in voting for candidates to make up a county ticket. Give us men of character, men of integrity, men who stand well at their own homes, men who manage their own business properly, and not such men as will be mere tools in the hands of others, or fit subjects to connive at frauds such as were attempted at Beaver Falls last October. In God's name we ask that no more like these be given to us.

IN the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention, May 22d, a resolution was adopted by a vote of 60 to 44, fixing the pay of members at 2,500 each, with mileage.

"As a member of the Executive Committee, which proposed the amendment, (that one substituting the mixed for the *popular* vote system of nominating candidates in this county) we are at liberty to say that the committee represented all the large borough."—*Curtis in last Radical.*

It would seem from the above that Mr. Curtis himself had a hand in getting up the amendment, which he is now, through his paper, asking the people of the county to adopt. The adoption of that amendment takes so much power from the many and lodges it in the hands of the few. Mr Curtis has a very substantial reason for desiring just that condition of affairs. He tried his luck with the people two years ago for the Treasurership of the county. He was very badly beaten. The voters of the county gave him little or no support then and no encouragement for the future. Rumor says that he is going to make a "drive" for the treasurership in two years from now; and having no flattering prospect of help from the honest, reflecting Republicans of the county, he is determined to have matters so arranged by that time that the politicians and not the people will be able to say who shall and who shall not be nominated for county offices. That is probably the key to his conduct at the present time on the popular vote question.

THE Pittsburgh *Evening Telegraph* of the 21st contained the following editorial, evidently from the pen of the United States District Attorney, which will be read with interest by our people. The *Telegraph* sees the "ring", and its abominable work, just as the ARGUS has seen both for the past three or four years. We rejoice that Mr. Swoope has taken the "bull by the horns." Any assistance that we can render in putting him on his back will be cheerfully given. Here is the article referred to:

It is a humiliation to earnest, believing Republicans throughout the State, that the generous principles of their party, as well as its numerical strength, should be prostituted by a close corporation of skillful tricksters to purposes of individual aggrandizement. All must feel this to be a sorry outcome, in glancing back at the brilliant achievements of the party. Still it is the beginning and the end of the political aspirations of "the ring," as well as the philosophy of its action—a vulgar greed for money or striving for power, not to be used for noble purposes, but for selfish aims alone. Not a stiver does this combination care for party success, except so far as it ministers to these passions. The idea of unselfish political work to maintain and extend great principles and pure administration is beyond their comprehension—something they laugh and jeer at just as the infidel scoffs at religion. Their closest allies are the most obnoxious of the opposition party, men who personify the most Democratic rings when that party had power. The affiliation is natural and mutually profitable.

That this detestable conspiracy has become a power in the State and party is no more extraordinary than the wonderful career of the Tammany ring in New York. *Its promoters are skilled in low* political cunning, and having a common purpose in view, work to a common end, no matter whether their plots are hatched in Philadelphia, Harrisburg or Pittsburgh. Respectable citizens and sincere party men become their mere cats'-paws, and often, unknowingly to themselves, promote schemes that without their votes would fall powerless. The co-operation of this reputable class is obtained by the force of party association, reverence for party ties, and distrust of the common enemy. Personal unselfishness, patriotism, and pride in the great deeds of the Republican party, are played upon by these thimble-riggers with the same coolness and audacity the professional gambler throws his loaded dice.

It is not difficult to trace the origin of these corrupt combinations. The history of the Tweed ring in New York will answer very well for all of them. Lavish municipal expenditure, an army of contractors, all sorts of jobs in the way of public improvements, the use of the public funds for speculative purposes, the backing of great corporations, and individual salaries and fees that exceed those of the President and his Cabinet combined. This was the base of operations in New York, as it is to-day the sustaining power of the combination in Pennsylvania, with its wide-spread ramifications, and active and unscrupulous managers who seek to rule the Republican party precisely as "the Boss," gave law to Tammany, by the cohesive power of public plunder. Given the sinews of political war—a compact and reckless clique, plenty of money, a subsidized press, and the way is clear. Primary meetings become a transparent sham, State Conventions fall under corrupt control, Legislatures are swallowed up, and even the voice of the ballot box is tainted with fraud. And all this that a select few, without intellect, education or moral sense may revel in the possession of unbridled power and boundless wealth. It is not a pleasant thought that a conspiracy like this should control the Republican party of the State, dictate its candidates, and mould its policy. But have not our political affairs been gradually working to this point? Do we not all know that an utterly unscrupulous ring proposes to dominate over the coming State Convention, precisely as it managed the late County Convention in a manner to excite the disgust or ridicule of all who were not part of the show?

Blind, unwavering devotion to this Pennsylvania Tammany has become the price of public honors, so far as the ring can control, and the completeness of their organization and resources enables them to penetrate almost every county, in some disguise or other. Nothing is too high or too diminutive *to escape them.* They are equally at home whether it is a paster or folder, United States Senator, State Treasurer, or Supreme Judge. They have a sort of prescriptive right to the Legislature. City governments afford the most succulent jobs that bring grist to their mill. State officers are a convenience that cannot be overlooked. They aim to influence every Federal appointment and dictate who shall fill offices under the State. A share in the "rake" or a portion of the "divy" are the phrases common among them that mean business. Offices are bought and sold: appointees plucked, and formidable aspirants retired with a pecuniary plaster for their disappointed ambition.

Of course, if this sort of management is permitted to go on, there can be but one result, and that the defeat of the party in the State, and the forced withdrawal of a few patriots who will carry to their seclusion the same well filled pockets that solaced Tweed and his gang. We can spare the ring, but how about the party? That's the practical question. Must it go down that we may be rid of those who use, dishonor and spurn its honest purposes? The people of Pennsylvania are as much disgusted with this ring as the New Yorkers were with Tweed, and its fate will be the same as his whenever a fair, straight blow can be delivered. If it presents itself to the people this fall, in the person of any of its recognized champions, that will be the opportunity. No Presidential, Congressional or Gubernatorial choice will intervene to ward off the blow. The simple question, therefore, with defeat staring us in the face if we again bow to ring domination, is this—cannot the Republican party reform itself by reforming the ring out of power and party leadership, and so permit the honest sentiment of the organization to assert itself. It is a simple proposition, and on the other side lies defeat. The people are wearied, disgusted, angered that they have been duped, and their truth and loyalty to party organization made to cover the plotting and plundering of political adventurers. Good men feel this as a personal insult and injury, and are determined on reform. The question is, shall it take place inside or outside our party lines. We do not believe in smoothing over the crisis or evading the issue. It must be met now, and the party rescued from the control of corrupt and dangerous men. In another year, and with a much more important election pending, the prevailing dissatisfaction will develop into an avalanche of indignation that will sweep everything before it. A postponement means multiplied dangers to the party, for in a twelvemonth the question will have passed beyond party control.

HERE AND THERE.

—Judge Pierrepont announces his purpose to decline the Russian Mission, tendered him by the President. His business interests compel the decision he has made.

—Gerritt Smith has given one thousand dollars for the relief of the Cubans who formerly lived in wealthy or comfortable circumstances, but who are now destitute because of the revolution in Cuba.

—A touching story is told of a lady in Kentukcy who was stricken with a sudden failing of the optic nerve, and was told that she could not retain her sight more than a few days at most, and was liable to be totally deprived of it at any moment. She returned to her home, quietly made such arrangements as would occure to any one about to commence so dark a journey for life, and then had her two little children, attired in their brightest costumes, brought before her; and so, with their little faces lifted to hers, and tears gathering for the great misfortune that they hardly realized, the light faded out of the mother's eyes.

—Winthrop, Buchanan county, Iowa, wanted to be metropolitan, and to have at least some of the diseases if not the delights of great cities. A boy was sick with something. Some said it was the ague, but others avowed it was the small-pox. One doctor said it was. Another doctor said it wasn't. Parties were at once formed, a small-pox party, and an anti-small-pox party, which upon principle refused to be vaccinated. Then another boy in the family came down with the same complaint. A learned doctor from Independence was summoned. He declared it was small-pox. The anti-small-pox men sent for another learned doctor from Independence, but unfortunately he said it was small-pox too. This closed the matter, and also the school. There have been no more cases, but the small-pox men are triumphant.

—Pounding as a persuasive has had a fair trial in St. Joseph, Mo. Less than two months ago, Harrington, lawyer and widower, married Mrs. Sallie Van Horn, widow, whose deceased husband's life was insured for $5,000. Recently Harrington bargained to sell his wife's house and lot for $2,800, and asked her to sign the deed, which she declined to do. Though she was sick at the time, he had recourse to muscular blandishments, and did so beat and bang her that at last she executed the deed. If Harrington had been much of a lawyer he would have known that a conveyance thus extorted was good for nothing; but he will have an opportunity to study the subject, inasmuch as he has been locked up for a felonious assault.

—Here is a curious story of the old Slavery times which we pick up from a Western Carolina newspaper. In the gold mining regions of Burke County lived an industrious, well-to-do free colored woman named Nancy Boyce. She was engaged to marry Jack, a slave, and in order to have everything pleasant, she put her hand in her pocket and bought him of his master. But she was shrewd enough to take a bill of sale of him, fortunately, as it happened, for Jack turned out to be utterly worthless, and a perfect sot. But little need was there for Nancy to go to the Courts for relief by divorce. She knew a better way than that. She owned her man, and she simply sold him to a slave-dealer, who carried him off to the South-West, so that the sharp Nancy was never bothered by him again. Husbands have been badly sold before, though not in this particular way.

—An Iowa newspaper asks the following conundrums: "Do the spirits of the departed ever appear upon earth? Are they permitted to return, and hold visible communion with former friends? Do they hover about us?" Now for the reason of these interrogatories! A young man died in Princeton township, leaving a widow who subsequently engaged herself to a man in California, with whom she had been acquainted formerly. But No. 1 appeared to her, and lifting his finger said: "Postpone your marriage!" He came again a few nights after, and repeated his "Postpone your marriage!" She was very much frightened, but her friends told her that it was the nightmare. Still the dead husband kept coming and kept saying the same thing. Then he appeared to the mother of the lady, and this time he varied the monotony of the warning, for he said: "Have Sarah's marriage postponed." So the poor widow wrote to her affianced and had the nuptials put off. Now, what came next? What but a San Francisco newspaper containing a marked account of the arrest for robbery of the California lover, and of his incarceration for want of bail. Furthermore it spoke of his wife and children as deserving of sympathy, and assistance of the charitable. So ghostly Number One did not appear for nothing; and the widow is perhaps, in her gratitude, more in love with her husband's shade than she ever was with the substance.

—That a forlorn and mournful old bachelor should flee on the wings of the wind to escape Mr. Weller's pet horror, "a vidder," is entirely and perfectly natural; that he should calmly give himself up to Fate when it comes in such a shape is monstrous, and we scarcely know how to believe it. Here is the strange story of such an occurrence. A very poor widow living in Detroit lately found herself almost destitute, lacking coal and wood, and perhaps food. She was naturally discouraged, and meeting an acquaintance one day on the street complained to him concerning her case. He told her she ought to marry again, and strange to say she replied that she couldn't find a husband. The merry and practical soul with whom she was conversing proposed instantly to sell her at auction, and she laughingly consented. Whereupon he mounted a box and to a rapidly assembling crowd stated the facts—that he had known her for years, and knew her to be good and *industrious*; then he began the sale. Only one man in the crowd, a sad old bachelor, took the joke as a real fact. For eight dollars the disconsolate widow was declared his, and the marriage immediately took place. They are said to make a comfortable, good-tempered, industrious pair. But what a queer, abnormal old bachelor!

HON. JOHN H. MITCHELL.

It is an old maxim that "there is nothing in a name." But judging from the manner in which some of our city exchanges are exercised about the name of the new Senator from Oregon, one would think this maxim was reversed, and that in the future we would have it "there is *every thing* in a name."

A correspondent of the Pittsburgh *Post*, last week gave its readers a history of this gentleman, including the change of name, &c. It was evidently written with some political object in view, and did not do justice to truth.

Some one writing for the *Evening Leader*, gives what is said to be Col. Thompson's version of the matter. It may be that this was the Col.'s statement. It is much more fair than the former, yet it scarcely does our former fellow citizen justice. And now that this matter has become the subject of newspaper gossip, we feel at liberty to introduce it to our columns both for the information of our readers, and to say a word in commendation of one for whose welfare we have always felt a lively interest.

For the information, then, of our readers, we would inform them that the recently elected Senator from Oregon is none other than our former citizen—John M. Hipple, esq. The circumstances under which he left here are known to most of our people. For the purpose of remaining unknown, it seems, on his arrival on the Pacific Slope he changed his name from John Mitchell Hipple, to John Hipple Mitchell, using only the initial letter for his middle name. He is now a member of the United States Senate. This fact although known to some of our citizens for some time, will be new to most of our readers.

An alleged improper intimacy with a respectable young lady, was Mr. Hippie's first trouble. It is worthy of remark, however, that this occurred while he was yet a youth. He had entered as a law student with Col. Thompson, but was yet pursuing his literary studies at the Witherspoon Institute, in this place. Under the advice of friends he settled the trouble by marriage; he tried to live with her, but it seems to have been impossible to get along with comfort. Though, as already intimated, she was of respectable surroundings, she proved unworthy of him. None more fully realized this than her own friends. That he was justified in leaving her, all who know the facts of the case, will, we believe, admit.

Mr. Hipple was an ardent, ambitious young man; he could see no sunshine on his pathway. In the meantime, he had become an attorney, and a law partner of Col. Thompson. He became an active Republican, and served as Chairman of the county Executive Committee in '59. The Col. went to the Legislature and the whole personal supervision of their extensive business fell under his care. Although only a short time at his profession, he showed evidences of mental vigor that gave promise of future eminence. His literary course was only moderate, yet his public performances, both "on the stump" and at the bar, gave promise of a ready debater. His sentences were short and well formed; his reasoning clear. He left us under circumstances that would have driven almost any ambitious young man away. The warm sympathies of a large circle of friends followed him. His wife procured a divorce some years ago which she might have failed to do had he opposed it. He has provided for the support of his children.

The correspondent of the *Post* was in error as to the discounting of any of Mr. Hipple's liabilities; all just demands were met by Mr. Thompson in full. They have been settled satisfactorily by the former gentleman, and there is, therefore, nothing remaining open. No one here ever doubted Mr. Hipple's integrity.

He is now one of the representatives of the young State of Oregon in the United States Senate. We have no doubt he will make one of the most useful members of that body. In our personal relations with him, while among us, we always found him to be a warm hearted young man; and doubt not these qualities will adhere to him through life. We have not enjoyed the manner of choosing United States Senators, in some instances nor the choice made, but this is not one of these cases. We are glad to know that one for whom we had such a warm sympathy is deemed by others worthy of their confidence, and the choicest honors of the promising commonwealth or the Northwest. Their honor and their interest could not have been intrusted to safer hands. When the head and heart are right, "there is nothing in a name." May continued success attend the Hon. John H. Mitchell.—*Butler Eagle.*

The Modocs Before the War.

The Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* publishes a letter from Mr. Elijah Steele, a lawyer in Yreka, in which the Modocs are partially described as they were before the outbreak of the late troubles. Twenty-three years ago they were a numerous and powerful tribe, and those who are left are not renegades. They were not, as has been asserted, in the habit of lounging about Yreka, but went thither twice a year to trade furs and goose feathers for supplies of provisions and clothing, and thus provided themselves well. Their credit was good with the merchants of Yreka, who trusted them from fall to spring. They were, however, always requested to camp out of town. Captain Jack, who was always the spokesman, never drank any liquor, and invariably punished any of the tribe for any wrong-doing, whether they were drunk or sober. They are, according to Mr. Steele, a superior race of Indians in intellect and physical development, and they are reduced to die rather than yield. In Captain Jack's own words: To die by bullet does not hurt much; starve to death on reservation hurt a heap."

Will of Chief Justice Chase—Full Text.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—The will of the late Chief Justice Chase was filed to-day in the office of the Register of wills for the District of Columbia. It is dated November 19, 1870, and is as follows:

"I nominate H. D. Cooke, of the District of Columbia, to be the sole executor of this my last will and testament. After the payment of all just debts, I make the following bequests: The interest on six thousand dollars at seven per cent. to my niece, Jane Auld, during her life, and if her daughters survive her, the principal thereof to be paid to them equally. Ten thousand dollars to Wilberforce University. Ten thousand dollars to Dartmouth College. Whatever sum may be due to me by my late brother, Edward J. Chase, of Lockport, New York, to be remitted to his widow and administratrix. The picture of Chief Justice Marshall, presented by members of the bar and other citizens of New York, to the United States, for the use of the Supreme Court. The residue of my estate to be distributed in equal parts to my two daughters. I commit my soul to God in Christ Jesus, our Saviour through the holy Spirit.

[Signed.] S. P. Chase.

Witnessed by R. C. Parsons and Jacob Schucken.

The will was to-day admitted to probate and record, and the executor was qualified and gave bonds in the sum of $100,000. The bond covers the estimated value of the personal property of the deceased. The remainder of the estate, consisting of real property, is estimated to be worth $150,000. The will is in the handwriting of Mr. Schucken, who was at its date the Chief Justice's private Secretary.

Proclamation by the President on the Conflict in Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, May 22, 1873.

Proclamation by the President.

The following proclamation was issued by the President to-day:

By the President of the United States:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Under the pretence that Wm. P. Kellogg, the present executive of Louisiana, and the officers associated with him in the State administration, were not duly elected, certain turbulent and disorderly persons have combined together, with force and arms, to resist the laws and constituted authorities of said State; and

Whereas, It has been duly certified by the proper local authorities, and judicially determined by the inferior and superior courts of said State, that said officers are entitled to hold their offices respectively, and execute and discharge the functions thereof; and

Whereas, Congress, at its late session, upon due consideration of the subject, tacitly recognized said executive and his associates, then, as now, in office, by refusing to take any action with respect thereto; and

Whereas, It is provided in the Constitution of the United States that the United States shall protect every State in this Union on application of the Legislature, or of the executive when the Legislature cannot be convened, against domestic violence; and

Whereas, It is provided in the laws of the United States that in all cases of insurrection in any State, or of obstruction to the laws thereof, it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, on application of the Legislature of such State, or of the executive when the Legislature cannot be convened, to call forth the militia of any other State or States, or to employ such part of the land and naval forces as shall be judged necessary for the purpose of suppressing such insurrections, or causing the laws to be duly executed; and

Whereas, the Legislature of said State is not now in session, and cannot be convened in time to meet the present emergency, and the executive of said State, under section 4 of article 4 of the Constitution of the United States and laws passed in pursuance thereof, has, therefore, made application to me for such part of the military force of the United States as may be necessary and adequate to protect said State and citizens therein of against domestic violence, and to enforce the execution of the laws; and

Whereas it is required that whenever it may be necessary, in the judgment of the President, to use military force for the purpose aforesaid, he shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective homes within a limited time.

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do hereby make the proclamation and command said turbulent and disorderly persons to disperse and retire peaceable to their respective abodes within twenty days from this date, and hereafter to submit themselves to the laws and to the constituted authorities of said State, and I invoke the aid and co-operation of all good citizens thereof to uphold the law and preserve the public peace.

In witness whereof I hereunto set my hand and cause the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-second day of May, in the year of our Lord 1873, and of the independence of the United States the 97th.

U. S. GRANT.

By S. B. Bancroft Davis, Acting Secretary of State.

The Union Pacific Railroad Suit.

The suits against the Union Pacific railroad and those of its directors who were directors and stockholders in the Credit Mobilier, authorized by the last congress, will show up some very pretty spectacles for the American people to look at, and make sad havoc of some very eminent characters. The government issued to the company $27,236,512 thirty year 6 per cent. bonds which amount was to have been used in connection with the private subscriptions in building the road. Certain directors of the road, however, formed the Credit Mobilier, gave out the contracts for building the road to themselves—in one case letting out 58 miles of road that had already been built, and paying $1,345,000 for it extra—and thus absorbing the bonds of the government and the stocks and bonds of the road, in a way that looks little different from outright robbery. The government in this present suit in equity will insist that the original subscriptions to the stock of the road were never paid, that the receipts given for them were fraudulent, and the dividens of bonds, stock and money—the same dividends which the late Oakes Ames distributed among members of congress, placing them "where they would do most good"—were misapplied, and must be accounted for. The government does not sue the Credit Mobilier, but it will reach the stockholders and directors through the directory of the railroad company, the directors of one being the directors of the other. The railroad company imagined that by the adroit trick of resolving itself into a second corporation and making contracts with it, they would be able to evade the law, and, indeed, by the skillful gifts of stock and dividends to members of Congress, they managed for a time to have all decisions made in their favor. But the suit in equity will reveal the whole character of the fraud, and force the company to stand or fall on the facts in the case. Under the contract to build the road from Omaha to the 100th meridian, the result, as stated by the Wilson committee in the last Congress, was as follows:

This contract cost the Union Pacific Railroad Company	$42,974,416 24
It cost the Credit Mobilier	7,696,183 33
Profit	5,168,233 91

Another contract for building 637 miles of road from the 100th meridian, called the "Oakes Ames contract." The company paid for this part of the road $57,140,102, and it cost the contractors $27,285,141, leaving to the contractors a net profit of $29,854,141. Another contract for 125 miles of road had the following result: Cost the company $23,431,768; cost the contractors $15,629,633; net profit $7,802,084. The aggregate results of these three contracts are thus given by the Wilson committee in their report:

COST TO RAILROAD COMPANY.

Hoxie contract	$19,974,416 24
Ames contract	57,140,102 94
Davis contract	23,431,768 10
Total	$93,546,287 28

COST TO CONTRACTORS.

Hoxie contract	$ 7,306,183 33
Ames contract	27,285,141 99
Davis contract	15,629,633 63
	$50,720,958 94
To this should be added amount paid Credit Mobilier on account of 58 miles	1,104,000 00
Total profit on construction	43,923,328 34

The few individuals who divided this enormous profit among themselves, under contracts made with themselves, and thus defrauded the government, will have an opportunity now of giving an account of the transaction. If in the end, they should be stripped of their ill-gotten wealth and reduced to poverty, they will meet with little sympathy.—*St. Louis Republican.*

—There is a nice boy at Sparta, Wis. He amused his leisure hours by boring a hole through the dam just to see the water spirt. In fifteen hours after he started the leak the dam had given way, carrying off a valuable mill. What a flogging that boy would have got in ancient Sparta!

"QUAKER MEETING."

The Friends And Their Traits.

[From the New York Tribune.]

The Friends, both in numbers and moral force, weigh great weight, unestimated Ephrians, but appreciable. The broad-brimmed, square-jawed Ephriam, and the dove-clad Deborah, with her white hair parted smoothly over her wrinkled, placid, and still pink cheeks, recently sitting in solemn conclave in Philadelphia, exercise a religious, political, and social influence which is altogether wholesome. They have grown out of and above the type of their founder, George Fox. Age and custom having confirmed and approved them as a peculiar people, they will not squabble with you on points of doctrine, or split hairs of logic with regard to the virtue in a shad-bellied coat or in the bad grammar of the plain language, as that venerable pioneer of their faith would probably have done. Their Christianity is in the eyes of men simple love to their brother man, and in the showing of that they have exhibited a strength and persistency and a quiet disregard of worldly considerations unsurpassed by any other Christian sect. You will seldom hear of the Friends' work, yet there is no reform in the country, from the public-school system to the abolition of slavery, of which they have not been inaugurators. Our drab-coated friends, Isaac and Deborah, in fact, appear to be so exactly the opposite in private and public of the miserable follies and vices which are now degrading us as a people in the eyes of the world, that we are tempted to lift them up as examples to this untoward generation. The bane, the antidote are both before us. Are we braggarts? Here are stillness and modesty. Do we make a sham show of wealth and prosperity? Go into their plain brick dwelling on Arch street if you would know what reality is, from the welcome on the threshold to the dinner on the kitchen fire. Here is no plated pewterware, no sleazy silks, no cheap Brussels. Are we, reckless in trading? Make a penny from Ephriam in a bargain if you can. Do we squander, and drink, and game our way heading to poverty? Who ever saw a begging Quaker? Are our belles forward and scheming in flirtation and match-making? Does the hare sometimes hunt the hounds? The daughters of Deborah wear not the plain garb, perhaps, but they are clothed upon with a wondrous modesty and selfrespect. They are clear-eyed and clear-brained, and always able, if need be, to earn their own living by other modes than marriage. The lover who woos them will not pay homage as a carpet knight to a sham queenship, but as the first man to the unknown pure mystery of the first woman. Do we find free love and spiritual affinities necessary to solve the problem of marriage? Who has heard of a divorced Quaker? Or, to come to pettier matters (though just as vital), does the worldly housewife find her children nervous, her husband driven day after day to a restaurant for something to eat, chambermaids a perpetual thorn in her side, and cooks mere messengers of Satan sent to buffet her? Let her go into the noiseless nurseries of the Friend Deborah, through her spotless kitchen, and beholding the serene brows of mistress and maids, lay her hand upon her mouth and her mouth in the dust and be silent.

Our Friendly brethren in Philadelphia are about, we perceive, to give to the Indian problem their gravest consideration. We are tempted to wish that they would take all those other muddles of life which prove too much for us, and with their keen eyes and placid fingers set them to rights—now and forever.

—A nice little bit of luck is reported in *The St. Joe Gazette.* A few days since a lad named John Mosman, whose father was executed for desertion at Fort Leavenworth when Johnny was a baby, being hired by a farmer near St. Joe., went out one day for the cows. In digging for a piece of sassafras root he hit upon a kettle and found that it contained money. He lugged his treasure home, and a count being made it was found that the kettle contained the neat little sum of $6,000 all in silver and gold. Johnny must be a sensible lad, for he has taken his money up to Omaha, proposing to educate himself with a part of it and to go into business with the remainder.

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Jackson Spriggs, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jackson Spriggs, deceased, late of the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Pa., having been granted to Mary Spriggs, residing in the borough of Beaver, and A. R. Spriggs residing in Clarks City, Iowa, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY SPRIGGS, *Adm'x*
A. R SPRIGGS, *Adm'r.*

CARPENTON'S
DINING ROOMS,
No. 60 Market Street.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Tables Furnished with the best the market affords in its season.
Meals from 6½ in the morning until 12 o'clock at night. may21-3m

F. E. WELLS. Agent.
General Job Printer,
33 Market Street,
(Haven's old stand.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Special attention given to Mail Orders.
may21-1m

THOMAS ALLISON & SON

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods and Notions,

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE,
NAILS,
GLASS,
FISH,
BACON,
FLOUR,
MEAL,
GRAIN,
MILL FEED,
&c., &c.

We will constantly keep a full line of the above goods on hand and sell at the lowest rates.
☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge.
apr23-3m

New Advertisements

HAGAN'S

Magnolia Balm

A FEW APPLICATIONS MAKE A

Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is Purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the Flushed Appearance caused by Heat, Fatigue, and Excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches an Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with

YOUTHFUL BLOOM AND BEAUTY.

Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 444 Park Place, New York.

A Over 50 Years of trial has proved it to be the best healing and pain subduing Liniment in the World.

It is recommended with unbounded assurance in the cases of Colds, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Rheumatism, Head Swellings, Bites, Chilblains, Chilblains, Caked Breasts, Frozen Feet, Ears, &c., &c., Sore Throat, Piles, and for Sprains, Founder, Scratches, Foot-Evil, Scratches, Windgalls, Blood Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, Saddle, Collar and Harness Galls, also diseases of the Eye and Ear in

Horses, Mules or Cattle.

MUSTANG LINIMENT

WILL ALSO

Cure Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Lame Back, Salt Rheum, Poisonous Bites, External Bone and Muscle Affections, Sore Nipples, &c., and may be justly termed the panacea for all

EXTERNAL WOUNDS.

☞ Remember, this UNFAILING REMEDY is not sprung up in a day or a year, producing THE MOST ABSURD AND UNNATURAL CURES CLAIMED BY NEW-BORN AND MUSHROOM LINIMENTS. But we have the experience of over thirty years of trial, with the most substantial results, and by a multitude of witnesses.

If the Liniment is not as recommended, the

Money will be Refunded.

Do not be imposed upon by using any other Liniment claiming the same properties or results. They are a cheat and a fraud. Be sure and get nothing but

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND COUNTRY STORES AT

25c., 50c. and $1 per Bottle.

NOTICE SIZE OF BOTTLE, STYLE, &c.

LYON MFG. CO.

Clothing for Men,

Clothing for Boys,

CLOTHING for CHILDREN.

Fine Dress Suits,	20, 24, 25, 27, and $30.
Business Suits,	14, 15, 18, and $20.
All Wool Scotch Suits,	13, 15, and $20.
Boy's Suits,	8.50 to $15.00.
Children's Suits,	4.00 to $12.00.
Men's Working Suits,	10 to $12.00.
Jean Pants	2.00, 2.50 $2.75.

Furnishing Goods.

The Celebrated Hathaway Shirt,

In White and Fancy Colors.

PLAIN AND FANCY FLANNEL SHIRTS, GLOVES, HOSIERY.

Neckwear of all Descriptions, &c.

All of which will be sold 20 PER CENT. LESS than other Dealers.

BOSTON ONE PRICE
Clothing House,
95 Smithfield street,
PITTSBURGH,
178 Federal street,
ALLEGHENY.
apr16-3m
FRANK M'CARTY,

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

STEAM REFINED ENGINE CARBON,

SPINDLE, CYLINDER, PAINT,

SIGNAL OILS.

Prepared under a new Process, without the use of Chemicals.

POINT OIL WORKS,
SMITH'S FERRY,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA
4-30-73-1y

Torrey's Patent Arctic
Ice Cream Freezer.
Newest and Best

Warranted to Freeze Cream in Four Minutes.

Having been appointed Wholesale Agent for the sale of the celebrated Freezer in this vicinity, I am prepared to supply the trade AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES. Call and Examine before buying any other.

W. A. McCLURG,
63 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Agent for Howe's Standard Scales. 5-31 2m

J. W. WILLIAMS' Tonsorial Saloon, Beaver, Pa. Hair Cutting, Dying, Shampooning, &c., executed in the most approved Styles. An easy shave and clean towels guaranteed. may21-1y

Rowell & Co.'s Advertisements.

12,000,000 ACRES!

Cheap Farms!

The cheapest Land in Market for sale by the

Union Pacific Railroad Company

In the Great Platte Valley

3,000,000 Acres in Central Nebraska

Now for sale in tracts of forty acres and upwards on FIVE and TEN years' credit at 6 *per cent.* No advance interest required.

Mild and healthful climate, fertile soil, an abundance of good water.

THE BEST MARKET IN THE WEST! The great Mining regions of Wyoming, Colorado, Utah and Nevada being supplied by the farmers in the Platte Valley.

Soldiers Entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres

THE BEST LOCATION FOR COLONIES.

FREE HOMES FOR ALL! Millions of acres of choice Government Lands open for entry under the Homestead Law, near the Great Railroad, with good markets and all the conveniences of an old settled country.

Free Passes to purchasers of Railroad Land.

Sectional Maps, showing the Land, also new edition of Descriptive Pamphlet With new Maps Mailed Free Everywhere.

Address
O. F. DAVIS
Land Commissioner U. P. R. R.
may21-4w OMAHA, NEB.

WE WANT AN AGENT

In this township to canvass for the new, valuable and fast selling book by Dr. JOHN COWAN,

The Science of a New Life.

Recommended and endorsed by prominent ministers, physicians, religious and secular papers. No other book like it published. $40 per week guaranteed. Address, COWAN & CO., 129 Eighth St., New York.

"DOMESTIC" PATTERNS.

AGENTS WANTED. Send for catalogue DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE CO., N. Y.

"You Ask! I'll. Tell!"

(THE NEW **Departure** IN BOOKS.)

Agents wanted. Exclusive territory given. The book will sell itself. Father, Mother, Sister, Brother, Minister, Merchant, Manufacturer, Farmer, Miner, Mariner and *yourself* all want it. *There is money in it.* Send for Circular. CHESTERMAN & WEBSTER, 50 North 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TELEGRAPHY.

A necessary part of every person's education in this advanced age is the art of Telegraph

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., May 28, 1873.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 sqr—10 lines,	$3 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	13 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column,.....	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column,.....	11 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	40 00
1 column,.....	23 00	30 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices....$3 00
special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

JOB WORK.

Eighth Sheet Bills 25 copies or less.....$2 00
25 additional copies or less..... 50
Fourth Sheet Bills 25 copies or less..... 3 00
25 additional copies or less..... 75
Half Sheet Bills 25 copies or less..... 5 00
25 additional copies or less..... 1 50
Full Sheet Bills 25 copies or less..... 8 00
25 additional copies or less..... 3 00
Bills in Equity five pages or less..... 15 00
Each additional page..... 2 00
Blanks, plain, one quire..... 2 00
Each additional quire..... 1 00
Other Job work at same rates.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Morning Accom'n 9.19; Mail, 2.37 p. m.; Evening Fast Line, 7.07.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 7.46 a. m.; Accommodation 5.40 p. m.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Special Notice—J. M. McCreery.....10
Special Notice—J. W. Williams.....11
Special Notice—J. B. & S. Maxwell.....5
Financial Statement—Rochester Boro.....3w
Special Notice—H. S. Hibbard.....15
Special Notice—Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure.....C
Special Notice—Porter, Donaldson & Co.....9
Special Notice—Holloway's Pills.....C

Flowers and Plants.—Fresh blooming flowers and plants received daily. Orders for all kinds of shrubs and trees promptly filled. Chas. B. Hurst, near depot, Rochester, Pa. 5-21-3w

In referring to the fact that Ben. Butler is spoken of as the Centennial candidate for the Presidency, an exchange says: "Centennial is good, and such a nomination once in a hundred years would be about as much as the country could stand."

Hardware.—J. S. Winans & Co., have opened a hardware store in the old depot building, Rochester, where every article in that line can be had at reasonable prices. Give them a call. 5-21-3w

Mr. George Teets, of New Sewickley township, declines being a candidate for Poor House Director. This leaves a clear field for Mr. McManamy, of Economy township, for that office—there being no other candidate announced for the office. Mr. McManamy has filled that position before, and made a good officer.

Hibbard's—Rochester—is just the spot, Beaver county people all agree, Where dress goods, millinery, and men's hats are bought At lowest prices,—just call and see.

Cloths, flannels, and extra wide sheeting, Housekeeping goods, of every grade, Prints, ginghams, P. K.'s, and linen tickings, Cheap lots of clothing—best that's made.

For gloves, hosiery, linen and paper collars, For sun shades, in tourist and club, For a neat suit of clothes at ten dollars, Hibbard's—Rochester—is truly the hub.

Hibbard's Store (next door to P O.) Rochester. 5-14-3w

Free of Charge.—Call at Hugo Andriessen's Beaver Drug Store, Beaver, Pa, and get a sample bottle of Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup, *free of charge*. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and for any person suffering with a severe cough, heavy cold settled on the breast, consumption or any disease of the throat and lungs it has no equal in the world. Our regular size bottles 75 cents. In all cases money will be promply returned if perfect satisfaction is not given. Two doses will relieve any case. Try it nov29-1y.

The wire ferry at Vanport, we are glad to say, is doing a very fine business this spring. It is a great accommodation to the people of the south side of the river, and it affords us no little pleasure to hear that the latter are giving the Messrs. Maxwell—its owners—a liberal support.

Hardware.—J. S. Winans & Co., have opened a hardware store in the old depot building, Rochester, where every article in that line can be had at reasonable prices. Give them a call. 5-21-3w

Found Drowned.—On the morning of the 21st, the dead body of a man was found in the Ohio river near Rochester, this county. From papers found in his pocket it was supposed to be that of George Russier, of Kittanning, Pa. An inquest was held and a verdict of accidental drowning rendered.

We would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column, of the Brooks Sewing Machine Co. of New York, they advertise, what is indeed a valuable invention, a first-class Sewing Machine for five dollars. feb.5-1y

One Apiece and a few to Spare.—Berks county, this State, at the last census had 53,448 males, and 53,253 females. This gives to each lady a chance for one husband and a few to spare.

Hardware.—J. S. Winans & Co., have opened a hardware store in the old depot building, Rochester, where every article in that line can be had at reasonable prices. Give them a call. 5-21-3w

ICE Cold Sparkling Soda Water, flavored with pure fruit syrups, fresh from Hugo Andriessen's marble fountains. apr16-3m

Years ago John Hipple practiced law at Beaver, in this State. He married and lived unhappily with his wife, by whom he had three children. One day he left the place indebted to his partner in the sum of four thousand dollars, and did not return, nor was his whereabouts known to any of his old acquaintances, although he soon paid off his indebtedness and sent money for the support of his children. His wife applied for and received a divorce on account of his desertion. After many years he returns to his old home, a United States Senator. Under a new name—John H. Mitchell—*Washington Reporter*.

—The *Reporter* is laboring under a mistake. Hipple *alias* Mitchell never practiced law in Beaver nor has he ever resided in our town. *Butler* was his former home, and it was at that place he deserted his family and made his way to the west. *Beaver* county has, therefore, no stock in the new Senator.

$100 will buy a good second hand leather top buggy. Six months time will be given for payment. Inquire for M. at ARGUS office. 4-30 tf

Everlasting Fence Posts.—I discovered many years ago that wood could be made to last longer than iron in the ground, but though the process is simple and inexpensive that it was not worth while making any stir about it. I would as soon have popler, basswood or quaking ash as any other kind of timber for fence posts. I have taken out basswood posts after having been set seven years, that were as sound when taken up as when they were first put in the ground.

Time and weather seemed to have no effect on them.—The posts can be prepared for less than two cents apiece. For the benefit of others, I will give the recipe: Take boiled linseed oil and stir in pulverized charcoal to the consistency of paint. Put a coat of this over the timber, and there is not a man that will live to see it rot.—*Correspondent Western Rural*.

The partnership, in the law business, heretofore existing between Messrs. Kuhn & Cunningham, of Beaver, having been dissolved by the death of the senior member of the firm, the business in their hands, at the time of Mr. Kuhn's decease will be attended to by Mr. Cunningham in the room formerly occupied by the firm. 5-21-2w

Holloway's Pills.—The blood vessels become the channels of disease and death when circulating a poisoned fluid. It is by disinfecting the diseased blood that the Pills cure all internal disorders. Sold 78 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Price 25 cents per box. Ask for new style; the old is counterfeited.

A Woman's Fidelity.—The following plain statement of facts is clipped from a New York paper of Saturday: "Conrad Denker, aged 25, three years ago was betrothed to Matta Hamerschamps, aged 24, in Saxony. A year afterward he came to this country, and has since lived here. In the month of March last he was arrested for grand larceny, and was convicted of the offense.

He soon wrote to his friends in Germany, informing them of his situation. His betrothed at once embarked for this country, and arrived in this city on Wednesday last. She visited her lover, who is in the Tombs prison, yesterday, and was there married to him by the Rev. Mr. Shaffer, of the Five Points Mission. The bride will return to Germany to-day." That her love endured through her lover's long absence; that she clung to him even in disgrace; that she braved the dangers of a double voyage across the Atlantic, and married him in the Tombs, whence he was soon to be removed to the State Prison for a term of years, is proof that she believed with Moore:

"O, what was love made for, if 'tis not the same
Through joy and through torments, through glory and shame!"

A Grateful Acknowledgement.

WHEREAS, The principles of an association of whatever name if founded on such morals as thought by the divine writers, must and will have a tendency to elevate the character of man and thereby be the means of rendering to its own membership, and the community at large the good contemplated, and to successfully conduct such an institution, as in all other transactions of life, money is required therefore all persons, especially those not connected with such association, who voluntarily contribute in any way to its support should receive the thanks and gratitude of its membership; therefore

Resolved, By King Soloman Temple of Honor and Temperance No 36 that the ladies and gentlemen who so nobly and successfully (for the benefit of this Temple) took part in the performance recently held in Rochester, by which our Temple received substantial relief, deserve, and we hereby, by a unanamous vote of this Temple, tender to them our heartfelt thanks and gratitude, and take pleasure in congratulating them on the entire success of their performance in every particular.

Resolved, That a copy of the above, with the names of the performers in full, be entered at large on our minutes; a copy presented to each of the performers, signed by the proper officers of the Temple, and that they be published in the county papers. D. R. BLAINE, W. C. T.

A. J. KETZER W. R.

Ferry Notice.—The wire ferry at Vanport, will not be operated on the Sabbath day, only to accommodate persons who may be on the way to, or returning from church. In the forenoon, between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock, and in the afternoon between 1 and 2 o'clock, persons will be carried across, but at no other hours unless under extraordinary circumstances.

J. B. & S. MAXWELL.

There was a passage in Mr. Adams' eulogy upon Seward which has not excited the attention it deserves.

We reproduce it:

"Our forefathers would marvel could they imagine it possible for me to claim credit for Mr. Seward, on the score of his honesty as a public man. Yet the time has come when we must honor one who never bought nor sold his vote or a place, and who never permitted his public action to be contaminated in the atmosphere of corporation influence. On that subject I had occasion to know his sentiments more than once."

That is a rebuke which strikes right and left.

The Conscience Fund.—The conscience fund of the United States Treasury is assuming respectable proportions, growing out of the return, by Congressmen, of the salary steal. Up to this date, twenty-seven Representatives and Senators have turned their share into the Treasury. The total amount thus far turned in is $111,222.97. This shows that the great majority of the Congressmen are not afflicted by any qualms of conscience, much less touched by a sense of official decency. Those of them who openly defend the steal say that by the time the next election comes around the people will have forgotten all about it, and they will not lose a hundred votes on account of it.—*Philadelphia Press*.

Seminole hair tonic at J. W. Williams' Shaving Emporium.

The matrimonial chains seem to be galling no little in Crawford county. We notice that six applications for divorce are now pending in that county.

More Legs Than "Lawful."—Mr. Joseph L. Welsh of Rochester has a hen which came very near bringing him a fortune a few days ago. The hen, while hatching out a nest full of eggs, *accidentally*, we will suppose, rolled one of them out of the nest, and after laying "out in the cold" a couple of days, and on the hen leaving the nest with her brood, the "aforesaid" egg was opened by Mr. Welsh and found to contain a young chicken with two more legs than it is "lawful" for chickens to have. In short, it had four legs, all nearly the same length and seemingly of equal strength. Mr. Welsh has it preserved in alcohol and intends disposing of his curiosity to some one of our museums. Had it been duly hatched out and lived, Mr. Barnum would doubtless have bought the fowl and Welsh's fortune would have been made. All of which goes to prove that there is many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip.

Hair cutting a specialty at J. W. Williams' Shaving Emporium, Third street, Beaver, Pa.

An Eclesiastical Court to be Held in Beaver.—An eclesiastical court, composed of members of the Pittsburgh and two other adjoining conferences, will commence a session in Beaver on the 4th of June. The court will be composed of twenty-one preachers, and will be presided over by Bishop Simpson. The case to be tried is that of the Rev. Gregg, who is charged with abusing his family. The accused, we believe, is in Missouri, and is not expected to be present at the trial. Dr. Endsley has charge of his interests, and will represent Mr. Gregg in the court referred to. It is believed, we understand, that the offending minister is partially insane.

A New Way of Drawing the Baby.—A labor-saving young genius in Evanstown, Illinois, recently saddled the duty of drawing the baby out for an airing upon a noble mastiff. He made a nice harness out of the clothesline and had just got it nicely adjusted, to the evident delight of the cooling occupant of the carriage, when the noble mastiff's favorite playmate of the other sex frolicked past. Utterly oblivious of the new duty enjoined upon him, the dog sprang after his companion, and the two started for a run at a reckless pace. A howl from the startled hopeful brought both parents to the scene, and then ensued a chase for dogs and baby which beggars description. Up one street, down another, through blind alleys, across crowded streets, and all that time that baby gathered lungs as the crowd in pursuit gathered members. At length a friendly stump precipitated the precious infant, all in its lovely white embroidered clothes, plump into a choice mud puddle, from whence he was fished, dirty but unhurt. But the boy genius! Well, he stands around or leans on chairs, occasionally lying down on his side.

Notice.—Ladies' hair dressing, hair cutting, shampooning and hair curling neatly executed by addressing J. W. Williams, Third street, Beaver, Pa.

The Sabbath School Convention.—The Ninth Annual Convention of the Pennsylvania Sabbath School Association, will meet at Titusville on the 3d, 4th and 5th days of June, 1873. Arrangements have been made with all the railroads for reduced fare to those who may wish to attend its sessions.

Sheriff's Sales.—The Sheriff's sales take place on the 7th of June, at 10 a. m., at the Court House in Beaver. The property advertised is as follows:

One acre or less with dwelling house and other improvements in New Brighton; the property of George Graham at the suit of Betts & Bennett.

Twenty-five acres more or less in Pulaski township, containing buildings, &c., for making and drying brick. The tract is underlaid with coal and fire clay. There are several tenement houses on the tract, and an orchard of bearing fruit trees; the property of F. D. Houlette at the suit of Ephraim Smith.

A two-story frame dwelling house, containing 8 rooms and 2 halls on first story and 4 rooms and two halls on second story with cellar underneath, situate in the borough of New Brighton; the property of J. H. Woodward at the suit of William Levi.

One-fourth of an acre with a two story frame dwelling house, containing 8 rooms with cellar underneath, stable and other out-buildings, in the borough of Frankfort; the property of John G. Erwin at the suit of D. Gregg & Co.

Lot of ground enclosed with good board fence and planted with fruit trees in the borough of St. Clair, the property of Isaac Hessen at the suit of Thomas Sloan.

One hundred and thirty-one acres and thirty perches—75 acres cleared and balance in good timber—with two one-story log houses, one log stable and other out-buildings, in Raccoon township; the property of John C. Baker and Geo. U. Baker at the suit of Jas. Brittain.

Lot of ground with a two-story frame dwelling house containing 2 rooms and hall on first story and 3 rooms and hall on second story, with stable, fruit trees, cistern, &c., enclosed with good fence, in the borough of Rochester; the property of John Morton at the suit of Henrietta Javens.

Seventy-five acres, more or less, upon which is erected a two-story log house, with a one story frame addition. There are on the premises a frame barn, a well of water at the door and a good orchard, in Industry township; the property of David Campbell at the suit of James Allen.

Lot of ground with a good two-story brick dwelling house, having 4 rooms with cellar underneath; water in the house. Also a good frame stable and other out-building, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of Christian Camp at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Lot of ground with a good two-story frame dwelling house, containing 6 rooms and hall, cellar underneath, porch in front, and a one-story kitchen attached, water in the house, also a good frame stable—lot enclosed, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of James Hyde at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Lot of ground with a good two-story frame dwelling house, having 6 rooms with cellar underneath, portico in front; also a one-story frame back building or kitchen, with porch, water in the house; usual out-buildings, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of Chester T. Porter at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Lot of ground with a two-story, frame dwelling house, having 4 rooms with cellar underneath, water in the house; usual out-buildings, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of George Campbell at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Lot of ground with a two-story frame dwelling house, having 4 rooms with cellar underneath, and varanda in front; water in the house, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of Charles W. Taylor at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Three lots of ground with a good two-story frame dwelling house, having 4 rooms on first floor, 5 rooms on second floor and finished attic, and with a basement of stone part thereof, finished for kitchen, &c.; lots enclosed, water in the basement and on each floor of the houses, usual out-buildings, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of George W. Knapp at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Four lots of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls, viz: Lot No. 781 in the Economy plan of lots; lot No. 18 in Banard's extension; lot No. 910 in the Economy plan of lots, on which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, with 4 rooms, cellar underneath, varanda in front; lot No. 165 in the Patterson plan, on which is erected a two-story frame building, with a one-story frame addition containing 6 rooms—lot enclosed; the property of Chas. W. Taylor at the suit of John Reeves.

Two lots of ground with frame dry-house and shed attached for drying brick; also an engine house two-stories high attached to said dryhouse. Also three other lots adjoining each other in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of Reid G. Bracken & J. M. Bracken at the suit of Henrici & Lenz.

Two lots of ground with a two story brick dwelling house, containing 4 rooms with cellar underneath—lot is enclosed with good board fence, in the borough of Beaver Falls; the property of Charles O. Zimmerman at the suit of Ed. Wittish.

About forty acres, on which is erected a one and a half story log house—all cleared and fenced, in Economy township; the property of Matthey Brown at the suit of W. Breitenstein.

A New Departure.—Commodore Kountz, of Pittsburgh, heretofore an active Democrat, has taken a new departure in politics, and announces himself as a Republican candidate for Congress. He has just published the following card in the Pittsburgh papers.

FOR CONGRESS.

I will be a candidate for Congress from the Twenty third District of Pennsylvania, subject to the decision of the Republican party; conditions as follows, to wit:

I pledge myself, if nominated and elected, to retrenchment and reform, opposing every measure whereby the expenses of running the government may be increased, and will advocate liberal appropriation for the improvement of the Western rivers.

I pledge myself to the PEOPLE to use all the means in my power to have the bill repealed which increased the salaries of Congressmen and others.

I will honestly labor for a protective tariff.

I will ardently advocate making the National Banking Law a free Banking law, thereby breaking up, in my opinion, a great monopoly.

I furthermore pledge that I will not set up any little jobs for myself. W. J. KOUNTZ.

Embroideries! Embroideries, New Laces, New Silk Fringes, Lace Ties, New Ruchings, at J. M. McCreery's.

Attempted Suicide of a Young Girl.—A correspondent of the Waynesburg *Independent*, writing from Taylortown, Greene county, on the 12th inst., says: "Our people were horrified a few days ago by a tragedy in our midst. It seems that Miss Dora Vanvoorhis, daughter of our much esteemed friend, L. G. Vanvoorhis, who lives two or three miles from this place, had of late been possessed of a monomania which took the shape of a desire of death. The other day her father and brother were working in a field near the house, when they heard the report of a pistol in that direction. They thought nothing of it, however, but on going to the house a short time after, the boy found his sister sitting in a rocking chair and looking very strangely. He at once sought his mother, who was in her room asleep, and told her something was wrong. She immediately went to where her daughter was sitting, saw that she was sick, and commenced bathing her head with camphor. Dora then told her that it was useless, as she had shot herself. Doctors Brock and Birch were at once summoned, and the girl's statement was found to be true, the ball having entered just below the left breast. She expressed no sorrow for the act, but affirmed that she would do it again. The exact location of the ball has not yet been discovered. She still lives, but her recovery is doubtful."

The Chairman of the Republican County Committee has issued the following call:

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

In accordance with the rules of the party, the Republicans of Beaver county will meet at the usual places of holding elections, on Saturday, the 31st day of May, and vote for candidates for nomination for the offices below named:

One person for Assembly;
One person for Prothonotary;
One person for Treasurer;
One person for Commissioner.
One person for Poor House Director;
One person for Jury Commissioner
One person for Auditor;
Two persons for Trustees of Academy.

They will also elect members of the County Committee as follows:

Big Beaver twp.....	2	Independence twp.....	1
Beaver boro.....	3	Industry twp.....	1
Borough twp.....	1	Marion twp.....	1
Bridgewater boro.....	3	McGuire dist.....	1
Brighton twp.....	1	Moon twp.....	1
Baden boro.....	1	New Brighton, N. W....	3
Beaver Falls.....	4	" " M. W....	5
Chippewa twp.....	1	" " S. W....	3
Darlington twp.....	2	New Sewickley twp....	3
Economy boro.....	1	North Sewickley twp..	1
Fallston boro.....	1	New Galilee boro.....	1
Franklin twp.....	1	Ohio twp.....	2
Freedom dist.....	1	Patterson twp.....	1
Freedom boro.....	1	Phillipsburg boro.....	1
Frankfort dist.....	2	Pulaski twp.....	1
Glasgow boro.....	1	Raccoon twp.....	2
Greene twp.....	2	Rochester boro.....	2
Georgetown boro.....	1	Rochester twp.....	1
Harmony twp.....	2	South Beaver twp.....	2
Hopewell twp.....	2	St. Clair boro.....	1

The County Convention will convene at the Court House on Monday, June 2d, at ten o'clock, a. m.

W. S. SHALLENBERGER,
Chr'n. Co. Com.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are requested to announce the names of the following gentlemen for the offices designated:

For Assembly.
HON. S. J. CROSS, Rochester borough.

For Prothonotary.
JOHN SLENTZ, Ohio township.

For Treasurer.
H. W. SEELEY, Rochester borough.
JAMES TODD, Raccoon township.

For Auditor.
S. N. WARRICK, South Beaver township.

Poor House Director.
SAMUEL M'MANAMY, Economy Township.

For Trustee of Academy.
P. L. GRIM, Esq., New Galilee.

An Act to increase the pay of jurors in this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.* That from and after the passage of this act the pay of jurors in this commonwealth shall be two dollars a day, with mileage as now allowed by law: *Provided*, That the provisions of this act shall not apply where the pay of jurors is now fixed by law at more than two dollars a day.

Approved—The 28th day of February, A. D., 1873. J. F. HARTRANFT.

Do as a great many are now doing, go to Hibbard's, Rochester, to buy your goods. He sells as cheap as in Pittsburgh. 5-23-3w

Deputy Collector Appointed.—Capt. G. W. Hamilton of Beaver has been appointed Deputy Collector for the United States in the counties of Beaver and Lawrence. He closed up his accounts as Deputy Assessor on the 16th, and was soon after notified by the Government that he should prepare his bond as it was in contemplation to appoint him Deputy Collector for the two counties above referred to. He forwarded a bond and received his commission last week, and will enter upon his new duties at once. That he will make a good officer we have no doubt.

Nicest assortment and cheapest dress goods in the county, at Hibbard's, Rochester, Pa. 5-23-3w

The Potato Bug.—The Colorado potato bug has already made its appearance in our midst, and the prospect is that the potato crop will suffer greatly the present season from the ravages of that insect. We noticed a lot in Beaver the other day, planted in potatoes, which was literally alive with them. They seem to have come in a night, and if it is a characteristic of theirs to take their departure within the same compass of time, they are certainly a good while in getting ready to start.

Save 10 per cent by buying goods of Hibbard, Rochester. 5-23-3w

Death From a Fall.—On the evening of the 22d, Mr. Myers Powell, of Brighton township, fell, while engaged in some business in his barn, and his head striking a plow, he was rendered utterly unconscious, and died shortly afterwards. He was in the 54th year of his age. He leaves a wife and children.

Cheapest clothing in the county at Hibbard's, Rochester, Pa. 5-23-3w

Pennsylvania Reserves in Council.—The Pennsylvania Reserve Association held its re-union for 1873, at Gettysburgh, on Thursday, May 15th. Governor Curtin presided, and among the speakers on the occasion, was Capt. McClelland, ex-member of Congress from this District. The following were his remarks on the occasion:

Mr. President and Comrades: I rise to second the resolutions promised by Gen. McCandless, and in doing so desire to say a word. More words, however, will not properly describe the feeling of every member of the Reserve Corps present on this occasion.

We all remember what a feeling of confidence manifested itself throughout the State when you, Mr. President, called George A. McCall from his farm in Chester county to organize and take command of the Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps, an organization brought into existence mainly through your individual efforts. Then again, when Reynolds, Meade and Ord were detached as brigade commanders under General McCall.

The discipline instituted by these officers was considered severe, but no Reserve now regrets the duty that made him a good soldier. It was a discipline ennobling in its character and tending to excite the ambition and military ardor of every one. With such commanders the record of the Reserves could not be otherwise than glorious. When a pround list of battles fought by the Army of the Potomac, from Dainesville to Appomattox Court House, in each of which the Reserve banner was borne where the struggle was the fiercest!

Gen. Ord still lives, occupying an honorable position in the Regular Army—a fitting recognition of his gallant and meritorious services.

But McCall, Reynolds and Meade are no more. All were distinguished for military ability, and that of the highest type. All Pennsylvanians and graduates of the Military Academy, the war with Mexico gave them opportunities that better fitted them for the leaders they became during our late unfortunate struggle. All gone! And yet they still live. They live in the institutions which they died to perpetuate. They speak to us on this spot, hallowed by the blood of so many of our citizens soldiery. Mr. President, we cannot, nay we would not, were it possible, forget these gallant dead who shared with us the perils and privations of one of the most terrible civil wars that ever darkened the page of history.

Advancing years and impaired health compelled Gen. McCall to resign and leave his cherished Division to younger and more vigorous successors. He breathed his last in the quiet of his home, surrounded by friends and mourned by the whole State.

On this ever-memorable battlefield, while directing the disposition of his troops in the attempt to secure the position desired by Gen. Meade, and which gave us success during the succeeding days. Gen. Reynolds, than whom a more gallant soldier never lived, fell mortally wounded—a loss that could not be overestimated.

Since our last meeting, the beloved commander of the Army of the Potomac during the latter half of the war—our own General Meade—has gone to join McCall and Reynolds in that better land, where no war is. Those of you who ten years ago aided in repelling the assaults on these heights, by the rebel hordes, must have been peculiarly impressed last November, when you heard of the death of General Meade, with whom you had shared so many privations and endured so many hardships for the sake of our imperilled country. He was permitted to live to see his eminent services crowned with success—lived to see the bright angel of peace supplant the fierce and bloody god of war.

Yes, McCall, Reynolds and Meade are gone. The ir exalted patriotism incorruptible integrity, and unblemished courage, made them objects of admiration and love. Their public services gained for them a high place in the estimation of their countrymen, has caused them to be held in grateful remembrance, and will secure to their memory the veneration that is always due to exalted merit wherever found. It is difficult to foresee what results may be affected by time, but, as surviving members of the historic Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps, we may safely assume that though the names of many be forgotten, there are some, and McCall, Reynolds and Meade among the number, that will be gratefully remembered as long as valor and patriotism are esteemed as objects worthy of admiration.

Three Card Monte and Other Things.—The Police of Pittsburgh, a short time ago, made a raid upon some of the gambling establishments of that city, and succeeded in capturing some of their frequenters, and in chasing others of them out of the city. Some of the latter came to Rochester, this county, and to keep themselves from getting rusty in their business during their temporary stay there, they would occasionally take some rustic fellow in and relieve him of his pile. On last Thursday evening three of them got hold of an Allegheny raftsman who had come down that far with his raft, and induced him to go into the three card monte business. It was but a short time until they won all he had—one hundred and five dollars. On realizing his situation he broke out, and although quite late at night, succeeded in waking up "Squire" Marks, and on getting that officer to his office, made an information against his three card monte friends. A constable was soon on the lookout for the parties, but alas, too late! they had skipped. The raftsman, not to be outdone, made another information against some other parties who he supposed to be in league with the men who had his money. What these supposed accessories were arrested they did some tall swearing, whereupon constable Laney, who was present, made an information against the leader of the party for profanity. He was fined $2.00 for his glib swearing. As there was no evidence connecting this "leader" or his associates, with the parties who "went through" the raftsman, they were all discharged. The unsophisticated Alleghenian will hardly go into the three card monte business again.

Cheapest hats in the county at Hibbard's, Rochester, Pa. 5-23-3w

JACK OF CLUBS.

Captain Jack, so grim and dirty,
With his Modocs three and thirty,
For the troops of Uncle Sam
Doesn't seem to care particularly;
But, with Modocs thirty-three,
Dodges like the Frankman's flea,
Shooting little slugs of lead
All around his lava bed.
Wrapping round his ragged form
Suits of stolen uniform,
Punctuating all his talk
With the knife and tomahawk,
Begging his pale-face friends to spare
Mementoes in the shape of hair—
Stock to fill his chignon store
When the battle's din is o'er.
Trump of Indians, Captain Jack,
"High Low" of the cut-throat pack!
Though five hundred troops surround him.
He will not be caught—confound him!

Captain Jack.—Captain Jack, the chief of the Modocs, and author of the late villainous plot, is a full blooded Modoc of about thirty years of age, though he looks much older. He has a good head, though like an Indian's, his forehead is low and retreating. His complexion is dark, being a bright, copper color, and his eyes are black, full and piercing. His hair is long, hanging down to the shoulders, and his face is entirely destitute of beard. His mouth is large, and its shape indicates firmness and determination, though it by no means denotes cruelty and baseness—traits which Jack seems to possess above all others. In manner he is cool, self-possessed and very dignified. He insists upon being treated with the greatest respect, by all with whom he comes in contact, and the chief ruler of forty millions of people could not be a greater stickler for official etiquette than is this same miserable savage. He never smiles.

His greeting of visitors on the occasion of the visit referred to was a splendid exhibition of indifference and haughtiness, notwithstanding at the time he was so ill he could not stand up. Before this act of treachery he was believed to be the soul of honor. Settlers in the neighborhood who had many dealings with him, said that they never knew Captain Jack to do a mean or base act, nor would he knowingly permit any member of his band to do one. If any of the ranch-men ever complained of any act of pocketing or any other annoyance, Jack was sure to visit it upon the head of the offender. He was elected chief of the tribe two or three years ago, and Squire Steele, of Yreka, acted as judge of election—a fact which has always made Jack Steele's fast friend. He was the last man in the tribe who it would be thought could be guilty of so base an act—an act entirely out of keeping with his past character.—*San Francisco Chronicle*.

Cheapest millinery in the county, at Hibbard's, Rochester, Pa. 5-23-3w

About Peddlers and Tobacco.—The Collector of this District recently wrote to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, touching the sale of tobacco and cigars by peddlers. Below is the Commissioner's reply:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, May 19th, 1873.

SIR:—I have received your letter of the 15th inst., in which you enquire whether a pedler of general merchandise can, without incurring liability to pay special tax as a peddler of tobacco, take orders for tobacco and cigars, as he travels from place to place, which he afterwards puts up at his store where he is a dealer in manufactured tobacco, and delivers on a succeeding trip from his peddlers wagon.

I reply that every peddler having tobacco and cigars in his wagon as he travels from place to place which he delivers to purchasers, is presumed to be a peddler of tobacco, and unless he has his name painted upon his wagon, and can exhibit a collector's certificate that he has paid a special tax to peddle tobacco, and has otherwise complied with the law, he renders himself liable to the seizure provided in section 59 of the act of July 20, 1868, as amended by the act of June 6, 1872, and if he be found with tobacco and cigars in broken packages, or not stamped as the law provides he renders himself liable to the fine and imprisonment provided in the same section. You are correct in holding such a peddler for his special tax, and restricting him to sales of original *stamped* packages only. Yours respectfully,

J. W. DOUGLASS, *Commissioner*.

Cheapest dry goods in the county, at Hibbard's, Rochester, Pa. 5-23-3w

Great Fancy and Staple Dry-Goods Emporium of W. A. Smith, near the Diamond, Rochester, is the most spacious and best arranged store for the exhibition and sale of notions, trimmings, millinery and dry goods in this county. The extensive stock of goods, constantly on hand of the most desirable materials and fashionable designs, and the taste and thorough knowledge displayed by the proprietor and his eastern buyers, combine to render this establishment the favorite resort of lady purchasers in search of serviceable or ornamental articles of dress. The large and attractive show of shelves, show-case and windows furnish an array of beautiful dress goods of latest and most desirable styles which cannot fail to attract the attention of every passer. Our readers are cordially invited to inspect the stock of Mr. Smith whenever they visit Rochester.

Consumptives, Beware!—The longer and wider Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure is known, the more highly will its merits be appreciated. Those once crippled with disease, and with languishing tread, carrying the heavy burdens of life, who have been restored to health, by its wonderful virtues, will speak trumpet-tongued in its favor, and herald its blessings wherever there is sickness to be relieved or health to be restored. We have volumes of evidence attesting its virtue, a good deal of it of a private nature, which we would in no manner disclose, but we have given a large number of published certificates of cures made by Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, some combined with other treatment, and some by the Lung Cure alone, which ought to entitle it to full investigation by those afflicted with any pulmonary disease, or those interested in their welfare.

Dr. Keyser's office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. A pamphlet with full account sent free.

Grand Millinery Opening.—Messrs. Porter, Donaldson & Co., Wholesale Millinery Dealers, of No. 127 Wood street, Pittsburgh, wish us to invite the attention of all wholesale millinery buyers to their opening of French Pattern Bonnets and Hats and all the novelties in Summer styles. As they make Patterns a specialty, it will pay to make a trip to Pittsburgh to attend this opening.

A New Castle Editor Among the Chinamen at Beaver Falls.—The editor of the New Castle *Gazette*, paid Beaver Falls a short visit some time ago. Here is what he saw and learned on the occasion:

On Friday of last week we took occasion to visit Beaver Falls, a town in Beaver county, contiguous to New Brighton and has become quite famous on account of the presence of about one hundred and ninety Chinamen at the Beaver Falls Cutlery Works.

Beaver Falls, though only about seven years of age, contains a population of more than four thousand, seven churches, a school house which cost $30,000, and several very important manufactories besides the celebrated Cutlery Works. It contains one Presbyterian Church, one United Presbyterian Church, two Methodist Church es, one Catholic Church, one Episcopal Church and one Lutheran Church. Prominent among the manufactories of this noted town is the ax factory of Jos. Graff & Co., which employs one hundred laborers and manufactures about one thousand axes per day, also the Western File Works belonging to Blake & Fessenden, which furnishes employment for one hundred and fifty operatives, about twenty of whom are females, and manufactures four hundred dozen files daily.

The Cutlery Works, however, constitute the chief object of interest and we shall hasten to them. Upon visiting these works, we were introduced to Mr. John Reeves, the superintendent, whom we found to be a very pleasant and affable gentleman. We were conducted by Mr. Reeves through all the various departments of these most extensive works which employ more than three hundred hands, and manufacture $1,800 worth of cutlery daily. We saw one hundred and ninety full-blooded Chinamen. These pig-tailed specimens of humanity attend to their duties in a manner that certainly does them great honor and might put to shame many American laborers we know of who occasionally boast of their industry. They dress like Americans with the exception that some of them wear a kind of blue cloak of a Chinese character bearing some resemblance to a blouse. The Chinamen at Beaver Falls are all males, some of whom are married but their wives are far away. They range in age from twelve to fifty-five years. A few of them have beard but none of them wear whiskers and almost all of them look very effeminate. They work eleven hours every day, begin at half-past six and rest and refresh half an hour at noon. One of their peculiarities is that they bathe their entire bodies every evening after having finished their labor. They also sleep in single beds and when one of them dies all his clothes, bed and everything except his money and jewelry are burned. Their bodies are deposited in the earth where they remain until decomposition has exposed the bones when they are exhumed, boxed and sent away to China. Four of the Chinamen at Beaver Falls have died and their bodies have been buried there. One of these, we were told, during his last sickness showed symptoms of having been poisoned. They are all very fond of jewelry and many of them are owners of very valuable gold watches. They have two interpreters, Ah Poy and Chaw Hong. We were introduced to both of them and conversed for some time with the former. Both are intelligent young men and seem to take great pleasure in holding converse with visitors, Ah Poy is twenty-four years of age and has been nearly four years in America. He was married at the age of twenty and is the father of one child which died shortly after its birth. His wife is in Chinf. Mr. Poy speaks English quite intelligibly and can also read English. Chaw Hong is a single man, and is about thirty years of age. He has been in America for ten years. Some of the Chinamen at Beaver Falls have been in this country for seventeen years but still very few of them can speak the English Language. The interpreters do not work, but one of them at least is always present during working hours and are always well dressed, having their pig-tails hanging down behind them. Those at work have their tails coiled around their heads under their hats which they wear all the time during the day.

Their conduct in the Cutlery Works is really exemplary. Though sixty American women work in the same manufactory, not one of them has ever been insulted or treated with the slightest disrespect. In one room through which we passed we observed fifteen girls and one Chinaman all working together as harmoniously as a father and fifteen daughters could do. They have a great talent for imitation and by example learn very rapidly. They work very steadily and seem to be so attentive to business that they scarcely glance at the numerous visitors who daily come to see them. Their

SELECT MISCELLANY.

A HURRIED COURTSHIP.

I was a young man, possessed of sufficient means to enable me to live at my ease, and refrain from labor of any kind, when suddenly there came a blow which scattered my prosperity to the winds, and forced me to employ my labor and wits in the general struggle of gaining a living. The blow came in the shape of the failure of a large firm in which all my capital was invested.

After securing a clerkship in the house of a creditor of our late firm, my first care was to look up a less expensive boarding house than the one in which I was living. I inserted an advertisement in several widely circulated city papers, asking reasonable board in a strictly private family, and of course received a multitude of answers by next post. Out of this motley installment of epistle, there was but one which pleased me, and I decided to answer that one in person immediately.

Grace Kingsley was the name of the favored landlady writing to me, and the letter stated that her house was entirely private, she having no boarders whatever. I was much pleased with the fair, delicate handwriting, and an idea took possession of me that Grace was a young and fascinating widow. I was not disappointed when I reached the house, and my ringing at the door bell was answered by the lady herself. She invited me into the parlor in a manner so courteous, and yet so modest, that I had fallen desperately in love with her almost before I could cross the threshold.

I enjoyed a very pleasant chat with Mrs. Kingsley. During the conversation she informed me that her late husband had been in a fair way of business, and at his death, which occurred about a year previous, had left her in pretty comfortable circumstances. They had but one child; and this item of mortality I was most graciously permitted to look upon, as it lay peacefully slumbering in its cradle. I also learned that the lady was living in the house quite alone, and desired a male boarder more as a means of protection than a source of revenue. In conclusion, the landlady looked so pretty (she was quite young, not more than twenty-two or three,) and the price of board so moderate, her companionship so inviting, and seemed to trust in me, looking upon me so favorably, that I would have been a heathen, dead to all charms and inducements of the sex, if I had not engaged board on the spot.

The next day I had my trunk removed to my new boarding house, and permanently established myself there. Before leaving my former boarding house a letter was handed me by the postman, but I did not find time to examine it until I was comfortably ensconed in the parlor of Mrs. Lingsley's cosy house.

Opening the letter, I discovered it to be from a wealthy uncle of mine, residing in Vermont, who regularly sent me a letter every year, but whom I had never seen. His epistles were always short, generally consisting of an account of the weather in his locality, and some good advice to me to take care of my money, as I might be burdened with some of it before I was much older. I was always very glad to get this advice from him, as I regarded it as an intimation that I was to inherit his wealth on his decease.

One day, however, about a year previous, I received a letter from him which contained another topic besides those I mentioned. My uncle made some pressing inquiries respecting my matrimonial prospects, and stated that if I was not already married, I should immediately enter into the wedded state, and let him know of it, or he would never more be an uncle of mine.

Now, as my uncle lived in Vermont, and I in Philadelphia, I never anticipated the old gentleman would pay me a visit and discover the falsehood, I wrote to him and informed him that I was not only married, but the father of a bouncing baby. This intelligence so pleased my uncle that he sent a gold goblet and a silver pap spoon to be presented to my child. I first sat down and wrote a very romantic letter to my uncle thanking him for the presents, and then visited the nearest jewelry store and turned both goblet and spoon into cash, which I pocketed.

I received no further letters from my uncle until the one which I read in Mrs. Kingsley's parlor. The postscrip to this one not only astonished, but absolutely frightened me. It read as follows:

"P. S.—I have never visited Philadelphia, so I have decided to do so at once, and get a look at you, your wife and your child. You may expect me about the 10th of the month."

"Good gracious! my uncle is coming to visit me," I exclaimed; "and it is past the 10th of the month now! I don't know at what moment he may pop in. What am I to for a wife and child?"

At that moment there came a terrible pull at the door bell as if the man pulled it, imagined he owned the house, and could make as much noise as he pleased. A sick sensation took possession of me, for I had a misgiving that it was my uncle.

Now, as good fortune would have it, Mrs. Kingsley had gone out to a neighboring store for a few moments, and had requested me to have an eye out to her child while she was gone, so it wouldn't fall out of the cradle and hurt itself. As I glanced at the cradle, and thought of my uncle at the door, a bright idea entered my mind. I determined, in case the visitor was my uncle, to claim the youthful occupant as my own.

The visitor proved to be my uncle, I knew him by the pictures of him I had seen, and he likewise knew me by my photograph. After a mutual recognition and hand shaking, I ushered my honored relative into the parlor and presented to him my newly claimed offspring.

"There uncle," said I, "is the first pledge of our married life. I assure you I take pleasure in presenting to you, my child."

"It is a fat little youngster," said my uncle, gazing at it admiringly. "By the way, what is it, a boy or a girl?"

That was a knotty question for me to answer, for he was just as much acquainted with its gender as I was. But it would not do to show ignorance on the subject, so I answered at hap hazard that it was a boy.

"I'm sorry it's a boy," said my uncle; "there are too many boys in the family. Now, if you had only produced a little blue eyed girl, it would have been more sensible."

I assured him I was sorry the gender did not suit, but hoped in the future his wishes would be gratified.

So far I had succeeded in deceiving my uncle, but the worst I feared was, that when Mrs. Kingsley returned, she might object to my claiming ownership in her child. Besides, to carry out my deception I must find a wife as well as an infant, and Mrs. Kingsley was the one I could conveniently claim. The only difficulty was to get her consent to the deception, and this might be done if I only could secure a private conversation with her before I introduced her to my uncle, then I would be all right.

I watched my opportunity, and gained an interview with her before she entered the room. I told her in a few brief and hurried words, the extent of my difficulty and how I had taken the liberty of acting as papa for her little one. I then told her I must find a wife somewhere, and begged her to allow me to introduce her to uncle in the capacity. She laughed very heartily at the suggestion, said she could comprehend my difficulty, and consented to my proposal, and very roguishly warned me not to presume upon the occurrence.

We then entered the parlor and I introduced her as my better-half.—My uncle was very much pleased with her and complimented me upon my good choice in the selection of a wife. Mrs. Kingsley, of course, colored most charmingly at this compliment, and I could plainly see that she could scarcely refrain from laughing.

"You have a fine boy here," said my uncle to Mrs. K., pointing to the cradle.

"Excuse me sir," she said, coloring up again, "it's a girl."

I was dumbfounded. I was exposed in my iniquity. Would uncle believe me after this? He looked from me to my pretty landlady with a puzzled countenance.

"Your husband told me it was a boy," he said, and rather suspiciously too. I thought.

"Well I always took it for a boy," was my reply, putting on a bold face, "but I suppose my wife knows best."

Here Mrs. K. fairly screamed with laughter, and uncle's stern face assumed an ironical smile.

"You are a nice father, aint you?" he said touching me with the point of his umbrella, "not to know the sex of your own child. Why, I knew it was a girl the moment I looked at it."

"But, Charley," he said again, addressing me, "what did you do with the goblet and spoon I sent to the little one?"

"Oh, they are perfectly safe. I assure you," I replied. "I have taken good care of them."

"Yes, but where in the deuce are they?" I would like very much to take another look at them."

"Well, I have deposited them in a bank for safe keeping, but I can readily produce them—that is—in the course of a week's time."

He told me to do so as he wanted to see them, and then I got out of the room, for fear that he might ask me some more perplexing questions.

A short time afterward, Mrs. K. came to me, when I was alone, in an adjoining room, and I saw immediately that something very humorous must have happened, for the corners of her lips were breaking into smiles.

"Do you know, sir, into what an awkward predicament you have got yourself?" she inquired, as she took a seat on the lounge by my side.

"Explain yourself," I said.

"Why, your uncle came to me a short time ago, and asked to see my marriage certificate, and he said he had some money to settle upon us immediately, but he wanted to be sure that everything was right first."

"Did you expose?" I inquired anxiously.

"No, sir, I did not, for I never entered into a deception, or anything else by halves."

I was so elated that I could not withstand the temptation of embracing her. This did not make her angry, for she nestled her head cosily on my shoulder and smiled serenely.

"What answer did you make him?" I asked.

She hesitated for a moment, and then said:

"I promised to produce the marriage certificate."

"But we haven't got any," I then remarked.

She indulged in a quiet little laugh to herself, but said nothing.

"Mrs. Kingsley—nay, my dear madam—no, I will call you darling—we are both in a scrape, and there is but one way for us to get out of it. Will you be my wife?"

"I shall be delighted," she answered, frankly, and seizing both of my hands, said that she was ready for a frolic of any kind.

We lost no time, I assure you. I don't think Mrs. K. ever got her Sunday clothes in such a hurry in her life before, while I spoiled two pairs of suspenders in my frantic endeavors to be "on time." We quite astonished the parson by our haste, and at the conclusion of the ceremony, I would have forgotten to give him the usual "fee," if he had not reminded me of it.

We had secured the coveted marriage certificate, signed and sealed, and were safely out of our difficulties, we thought. We had omitted one precaution, as we presented the certificate to uncle. It was all right with the exception of the modern date.

"Why, how is this?" said my uncle, gazing at the document through his specs, "I thought you were married over a year ago."

"So we were, uncle," I answered very solemnly.

"How comes it then, that the certificate is dated to-day," he asked, in a voice of thunder.

We were speechless, both my wife and I.

"Come," said my uncle, "I see there has been some trickery here. Own up to it, or I will never forgive you."

I did own up to it, and told him the whole story. I expected it would make him angry; but it didn't, for he laughed heartily, and said I was a clever rascal, and he was proud of me.

"But how about the gold goblet and pap spoon? You havn't been drawing the wool over my eyes about them, too, have you—eh?"

I told the truth about the goblet and pap-spoon.

"Why, you are a regular trickster," said my uncle. "I believe you would deceive Satan himself. But I won't get angry at you, for I used to play the same games when I was young."

In a word, we became thoroughly reconciled, and my uncle settled upon me a sufficient income to enable me to quit my irksome duties as a clerk.

THE KANSAS MURDERS.

Narrative of the Horrible Crimes of the Bender Family—Discovery of the Bodies of Their Victims.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.

KANSAS CITY, MO., FRIDAY, May 3, '73

The accidental discovery of a vacated house in the vicinity of Cherryvale, Kansas, has led to a search, which has finally resulted in the disclosure of a series of the most horrible crimes on record, it being clearly evidenced that a wholesale system of robbery and murder has been going on within a short distance of that town for some time—a system of bloodshed and plunder almost unequaled except in the extravagant stories of sensational novels.

It is well known in this vicinity that during the past year a number of persons have disappeared in a very remarkable manner, and all traces of many of them have been lost, in the vicinity of Cherryvale. The cause of their disappearance could not be definitely ascertained, and the inquiries of friends were always fruitless. In many cases the search for the missing ones has been most thorough, especially in the case of Dr. York, a well known citizen; and this is supposed now to be the cause of the flight of those suspected of the murders. It was the sudden vacation of property which led to the search that has resulted in this terrible discovery.

For some time past a family, consisting of two men and two woman, of the name of Bender, occupied a one story frame house, or rather cabin fourteen feet by twenty, on the south side of the Osage Mission road, about two miles or less from the town of Cherryvale, in Labette county, a short distance from the south line of the State, and on the direct line of the Leavenworth, Lawrence and Galveston Railroad. The house is on the open prairie, and not at all concealed by timber. The Benders kept this house as a kind of wayside tavern, and closer to the road is a building that was used as a stable. The main building was divided into two rooms, the front and larger room being used for the purpose of serving the meals, and the rear room as a sleeping apartment, in which there were two beds and some few articles of additional furniture. Attached to the house in the rear is a garden, and the land on which the property is located is about two acres in extent. The Benders were not visited by the neighbors to any great extent, as they did not bear a good reputation, especially one of the women, supposed to be Johanna Bender, but better known by the name of Katie Bender, who is described as a red-faced, unprepossessing young woman. She professed to have a power to cure all diseases, although her general reputation was that she had more of the devil in her composition than any saving qualities. It was generally believed that she terrorized over all the other portion of the family, and few ever cared to be associated with her. The following circular shows that she pretended to cure what has heretofore been considered as incurable diseases.

PROF. MISS KATE BENDER CAN HEAL all sorts of diseases; can cure blindness, deafness and all such diseases, also deaf and dumbness. Residence fourteen miles east of Independence, on the road from Independence to Osage Mission, one and a half miles southeast of Morehead Station. KATIE BENDER.
June 18, 1873.

The other woman is described as being about forty-two years old, with iron-gray hair, ragged at the ends, and thin over the temples, hard and sinister-looking steel-gray eyes, tall, angular form, and repulsive features. She also pretended to be a spiritualist, and engaged extensively in the distillation of charms from the boiling of roots and herbs. The people for miles around dreaded her. The two men were brothers and bore the names of William and Thomas Bender. Katie was reputed to be the wife of Thomas, while the other woman was supposed to bear the same relationship to William, the elder brother. Both brothers are said to be bad characters, and the neighbors kept them at a distance.

The first disappearance that attracted public attention here was that of an old man and his granddaughter, who left Cherryvale, about three months ago, in a two-horse wagon, to go to Fort Scott, but who never reached that place. All inquiries failed to elicit a clue to the cause of their disappearance, until, about the beginning of March, Dr. William H. York, brother of Senator York of this State, recognized the team and wagon at Fort Scott. Dr. York ascertained that the wagon, &c., had been purchased at the fort from some person who came from Cherryvale, and he resolved to ferret out the mystery. For this purpose he left the fort on March 9, and went in the direction of Cherryvale; but he, in a like manner, disappeared, and all after search for him by his brother and a host of friends was fruitless, notwithstanding the fact that a large reward was offered for any intelligence of his fate. The search, however, for Dr. York led to the finding of the bodies of the old man and child in the ravine near Drum Creek, with their throats cut from ear to ear. Further search at this time resulted in the discovery of a wagon wedged in between two trees, the horses having been unable to liberate it, and from the half-starved condition of these animals it is supposed they must have been thus held for several days. The marks of bullets and blood upon the wagon indicated that a conflict had taken place; and it was surmised that while the owners of the wagon were being murdered the horses doubtless became alarmed and made their escape, finally getting fastened in the manner described. Who these persons were has not yet been found out.

While making the search for Dr. York, the house of the Benders was visited by several parties; but to all the answer was returned that no one had seen the missing man. The persistence with which these inquiries were made, and the constant advertising through the papers of this State of the strange disappearance of Dr. York, doubtless caused some alarm in the minds of the Bender family, although no one at this time had any definite information which traced the disappearance to their agency. About a week ago, a man riding from the prairie noticed that no smoke was to be seen issuing from the chimney of Bender's house, that the doors and windows were closed, but not a sign of life was visible. This did not particularly excite his curiosity until he noticed in the lot a calf which had apparently died of starvation. This excited his suspicion, and he galloped over to Cherryvale with the news. The town soon became excited, and it was then remembered that William Bender had, about April 24th, sold a watch, some clothing, two mules and some property. All became impressed with the idea that the Bender family had, from some good cause, taken a hasty leave of their residence. This looked suspicious, and a party went out from Cherryvale to make some inquiries.

On arriving at the place the outhouse or stable was first examined, and the next the larger room of the cabin. Everything was exactly as the Benders had left them, and there was nothing to indicate murder or foul play. Even in the rear room there was nothing suspicious at the first glance, but on removing one of the two beds a slight depression in the floor led to the discovery of a trap door upon hinges. Raising this trap, a well, about six feet deep and five feet wide, was uncovered, and upon descending into it the ground was found to be saturated with thick, fetid blood, which stuck to the fingers of those who had been groping about at the bottom of the well. The horror excited by this discovery may well be imagined, and the clue to many of the mysterious disappearances was thought to be near. The soft ground at the bottom of the well was bored with rods, but nothing rewarded the search of the now excited party. There was no doubt that murder had been committed, and that the bleeding bodies had been thrust into this well, but what had afterwards been done with them was as yet a mystery. It was then suggested that the garden should be examined, and all set to work boring the ground with rods. For an hour the search was fruitless; but at the end of that time a point of a rod touched something. Shovels were called for, and the ground opened, when the body of a man, face downwards, was found. There was no coffin, and a torn and discolored shirt was all that covered the body. With care the remains were disinterred, for a portion of the flesh had fallen from the lower limbs; but when the body was laid on it's back, to the horror of all present, it was found to be that of Dr. York. Although very much swollen, the face was perfect enough for identification, and a wound at the back of the head plainly indicated the cause of death. The skull had been driven into the brain with a blow from some weapon like a hammer, and in the house were found two shoemaker's hammers. The news of this discovery was speedily conveyed to Senator York, who soon visited the scene with a coffin in which to deposite the remains, which he readily identified as those of his missing brother, an injury to the knee proving the matter beyond a doubt.

This discovery, instead of satisfying the searchers, only whetted their anxiety, and the rod was again put in requisition. In a short time six more graves were discovered, five containing single corpses, and one an old man and a little girl. Some of the bodies were beyond recognition, but others had enough of humanity left to admit of identification. It was evident that all had been the victims of the murderer's violence, and there was no doubt but that the Bender family had committed the butchery, doubtless for the sake of plunder. Darkness fell on the scene, but the search continued; and before midnight three other graves were discovered. At the present writing these last have been opened, but of the eight bodies which have been disinterred, six have been recognized, as follows: Dr. York, H. Longchos and child, identified by his father-in-law; W. F. McCarthy, a soldier of Company D. One Hundred and Twenty-third Illinois Volunteers; D. Brown, identified by a silver ring on his finger, and John Geary, of Howard county, recognized by his wife. The throats of all had been cut, except that of the little girl.

The excitement on the discovery of these bodies was so intense that the crowd which had gathered on the premises, seeing among them a man named Brockman, whowas supposed to know something about the murders, seized him and strung him up to a beam until life was nearly extinct, when they cut him down and called upon him to confess. Finding him obstinately silent, they again hung him by the neck until nearly dead, when he was once more let down and restored. He now appeared to have lost mental sensation, and did not seem to understand what the furious crowd wanted, as they again shouted to him to confess. A third time he was hoisted up to the beam, and this time it was believed the strangulation had proved fatal; but upon being laid on the ground in the open air he recovered, and was allowed to stagger away.

The search of the grounds will be conducted with great perseverance, until it has been satisfactorily ascertained that nothing further can be found. People are collecting from different parts of the country in order to ascertain if any of their missing friends are among the dead. Three men from Howard county have been missed, and one has been found among the murdered victims. The disappearance of a stonemason named Jones, who left Osage Mission to go to Independence, is now supposed to be accounted for, and the stories of other similar disappearances are being revived for the purpose of tracing clues which may lead to the identification of the bodies. There is but little doubt but that these outlaws have been carrying on their work of robbery and murder for a long time, and heavy rewards are now being offered for the capture of the murderers.

New Advertisements.

A. HANAUER

HAS

REMOVED

HIS

Beaver Falls

ESTABLISHMENT,

AND

Concentrated

AT THE

NEW BRIGHTON

BAZAAR

OF

FASHION.

dec4-22 1r

We have on hand a large stock of fine finished Head Stones which we are selling as cheap as any other firm in the State. Also Granite Monuments and Head Stones furnished to order as reasonable as they can be elsewhere.

Persons wishing Monuments or Head Stones will save money by calling and seeing our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we will guarantee to sell a better job for less money than any other firm in the county. Also

GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES,

CEMENTS OF ALL KINDS By the bbl.

mar13-6m

Legal Advertisements.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

MATTINGS, SHADES

AND SHADE CLOTH,

HOLLANDS ALL COLORS,

GREEN

STAIR RODS with Patent Fastening

TABLE COVERS,

PIANO COVERS,

RUGS AND MATS.

WELTY BROTHERS,

106 FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

mar19-73-1y

$300,000

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY,

Legalized by State Authority and Drawn in Public in St. Louis.

GRAND SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME

50,000 NUMBERS.

Class, D, to be Drawn May, 31, 1873.

5880 Prizes Amounting to $300,000.

1 Prize of	$30 000	500 prizes of	$ 100
1 prize of	15 450	9 prizes of	1 000
1 prize of	10 000	9 prizes of	500
3 prize of	7 500	9 prizes of	300
4 prizes are	5 000	9 prizes of	250
4 prizes of	3 000	30 prizes of	200
20 prizes of	1 000	35 prizes of	150
20 prizes of	1 000	180 prizes of	100
40 prizes of	250	5000 prizes of	10

Tickets, $10. Half Tickets, $5. Quarter, $2.50

☞Our lotteries are chartered by the State, are always drawn at the time named, and all drawings are under the supervision of sworn commissioners.

☞The official drawing will be published in the St. Louis papers, and a copy of Drawing sent to purchasers of tickets.

☞We will draw a similar scheme the last day of every month during the year 1873.

☞Remit by P. O. P. OFFICE MONEY ORDERS, REGISTERED LETTER, DRAFT or EXPRESS. Address

MURRAY, HILLER & CO.,
Post office box 2446 St. Louis, Mo.
apr16-1y

LEWIS McMULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

104 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Opposite Cathedral.)

☞Examination of Titles, Collection of Claims and all other Legal Business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. 4-23-6m

WALL PAPERS.

The handsomest and cheapest in

PITTSBURGH, ARE SOLD BY

W. P. MARSHALL,

191 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

apr16-4w

Landreth's Warranted Garden Seeeds

Have spoken their own praise for upwards of three quarters of a century.

Orders from DEALERS, MARKET GARDENERS or PRIVATE FAMILIES, will be filled promptly and forwarded by Mail or Express.

H. P. SCHWARTZ & CO.,

113 FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA

apr16-1m

CARPETS

FOR 1873.

We are now offering, and will continue to offer through the year, the

FINEST STYLES OF CARPETS

the market will produce, at prices as attractive as the goods. Our stock will be larger and choicer this year that ever before. All needing

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, SHADES MATTINGS, &c.,

will be well suited at

BOVARD, ROSE & CO'S,

21 Fifth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

mar12-8m;eod-sep-3m

Geo. Heideger & Co.,

9 & 11 West Ohio Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WHISKIES, BRANDIES, WINES, SCOTCH ALES, HOLLAND GINS, &c., &c.

apr30-1f

The Confession of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of Young Men and others who suffer from NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD etc., supplying the means of *self-cure*. Written by one who cured himself after *undergoing* considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope.

Sufferers are invited to address the author,

NATHANIEL MAYPAIR,

mar12-6m Box 153, Brooklyn, King's Co., N. Y.

Cheap Farms for Sale Near Chicago.

WHY GO TO KANSAS OR NEBRASKA, when you can buy as fine farming lands as the sun ever shone on, improved and unimproved, at from $5 to $8 dollars an acre, ranging from 40 to 1,500 acres, within from 30 to 50 miles from Chicago, in one of the finest dairying countries in America? Five railroads now running through the country, and 4 or 5 more being constructed. Have several good improved farms for sale cheap. For particulars address

AMOS ALLMAN,
apr26-4w Crown Point, Lake County, Indian.

10,000 GIFTS,

$500,000

On TUESDAY, JULY, 8th, 1873, the **Third Grand Gift Concert**, under the management of Ex-Governor Thos. E. Bramlette, and authorized by special act of the Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Library of Kentucky, positively and unequivocally comes off in Public Library Hall, at Louisville, Ky., when 10,000 Gifts, all cash, amounting to $500,000, will be distributed by lot among the ticket-holders. The money to pay all these gifts in full is already in bank and set aside for that purpose, as the following certificate shows:

OFFICE OF FARMERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, LOUISVILLE, KY., April 7, 1873.

This is to certify that there is in the **Farmers' and Drovers' Bank**, to the credit of the Third Grand Gift Concert for the benefit of the Public Library of Ky., **Five Hundred Thousand Dollars**, which has been set apart by the Managers to pay the gifts in full, and will be held by the Bank and paid out for this purpose and this purpose only.

(Signed.) **H. S. VERCH, Cashier.**

Only a few tickets remain unsold, and they will be furnished to the first applicants at the following prices: Whole tickets, $10; halves $5; quarters, $2.50; 11 wholes for $100; 56 for $500; 113 for $1,000, and 679 for $5,000. For tickets and full information, apply to

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
or THOS. H. HAYS & CO., Louisville, Ky.,
609 Broadway, New York.

NEW CARPETS.

A Very Large Stock

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths, &c.

LOW PRICED CARPETS,

Of every kind,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL,

HENRY McCALLUM,

51 FIFTH AVENUE,

(Near Wood Street.)

PITTSBURG PA.

apr26ly

H. NOSS.

PHOTOGRAPHER

nov6tf

Sewing-Machines.

$5 A VALUABLE INVENTION! $5

AN ENTIRELY NEW

SEWING MACHINE!

FOR DOMESTIC USE.

ONLY FIVE DOLLARS.

With the New Patent Button Hole Worker.

The most simple and compact in construction. The most durable and economical in use.

A model of Combined strength and beauty. Complete in all its parts, uses the Straight Eye Pointed Needle, Self Threading, direct upright Positive Motion, New Tension, Self Feed and Cloth Guider. Operates by wheel and on a table. Light Running, Smooth and noiseless like all good high priced machines. Has patent check to prevent the wheel being turned the wrong way. Uses the thread direct from the spool. Makes the Elastic Lock Stitch (finest and strongest stitch known) firm, durable, close and rapid. Will do all kinds of work, fine and coarse, from Cambric to heavy Cloth or Leather, and uses all descriptions of thread.

The best mechanical talent in America and Europe, has been devoted to improving and simplifying our Machines, combining only that which is practicable, and dispensing with all complicated surroundings generally found in other machines.

Special terms and extra inducements to male and female agents, store keepers, &c., who will establish agencies through the country and keep our new machines on exhibition and sale. County rights given to smart agents free. Agent's complete outfits furnished without any extra charge. Samples of sewing, descriptive circulars containing terms, testimonials, engravings, &c., sent free.

Address

BROOKS SEWING MACHINE CO.,

No 1329 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

feb5 1y

BURNELL'S MUSEUM

PARLOR MENAGERIE

AND

THEATORUM!

Open Day and Evening, all the Year.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST PLACE OF AMUSEMENT IN THE CITY.

SIX PERFORMANCES from the Stage, DAILY!

TWO IN THE FORENOON,

TWO IN THE AFTERNOON,

TWO IN THE EVENING.

Doors open from 8 o'clock in the morning until 10 o'clock at night.

☞Admission to all, only 25 cents.☜

When visiting the city, don't fail to visit

BURNELL'S MUSEUM,

5th Ave., between Wood and Smithfield Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

mar5-73-1y

INSTANT RELIEF

For the Asthma.

Any person troubled with that terrible disease, will receive *immediate* and *complete relief*, by using my Asthma Remedy.

I was afflicted with it, for twelve years, entirely omitting me for business for weeks at a time; and discovered this remedy by experimenting on myself after all other medicines failed to have any effect.

I will Warrant it to give Instant Relief

in *all cases of Asthma*, not complicated with other diseases.

ANY PERSON AFTER ONCE USING WILL NEVER BE WITHOUT IT.

Pamphlets containing certificates by mail FREE, send for one. *Ask your Druggist for it.* If he has none on hand, get him to send or write for it yourself.

Price by mail, postage paid, $1.00 per box. LIBERAL TERMS TO DRUGGISTS.

Address CHAS. E. HURST,
feb19-1ly ROCHESTER, BEAVER Co. PA.

ENGLISH ALES.

Manufactured expressly for, and sold only by the

Pennsylvania Wine Company.

The only Ales manufactured by the same process and of the same materials as the celebrated Bass', of England.

Put up in Bbls., Half Bbls., and Bottles.

☞*Send for Circular.*☜

Address all orders to

PENN'A WINE CO.,
Office 69 Fifth Ave.,
Brewery, cor. 5th Ave. and Roup st.,
mar5 3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of **Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay** on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA or IMPOTENCY Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price in a sealed envelope only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*.

☞This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *post-paid* on receipt of 6 cents, or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cents.

Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
121 *Bowery, New York*, Post-Office Box, 4586.
apr19-1y

THE NEW DISCOVERY

In Chemical and Medical Science.

Dr. E. F. GARVIN'S

SOLUTION & COMPOUND ELIXIR

—OF—

TAR

FIRST AND ONLY SOLUTION ever made in one mixture of **ALL THE TWELVE** valuable active principles of the well known curative agent,

PINE TREE TAR,

UNEQUALED in Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and consumption.

CURES WITHOUT FAIL

A recent cold in three to six hours; and also, by its VITALISING, PURIFYING and STIMULATING effects upon the general system, is remarkably efficacious in all

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD,

including Scrofula and Eruptions of the skin, Dyspepsia, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, Heart Disease, and General Debility.

ONE TRIAL CONVINCES!

DR. GARVIN'S

VOLATILE SOLUTION OF TAR MEDICATED

FOR INHALATION.

☞A remarkably valuable discovery, which positively cures

CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE NOSE, THROAT AND LUNGS.

THE COMPOUND

TAR AND MANDRAKE PILL,

for use in connection with the ELIXIR TAR, is a combination of the TWO most valuable ALTERATIVE Medicines known in the Profession, and renders this Pill without exception the very best ever offered.

Solution and compound elixir, $1 per Bottle.

Tar and Mandrake Pills, 25cts per Box.

Medicated Inhalation, per package,..... $5 00

Send for Circular of **POSITIVE CURES** to your Druggist, or to

L. F. Hyde & Co.,

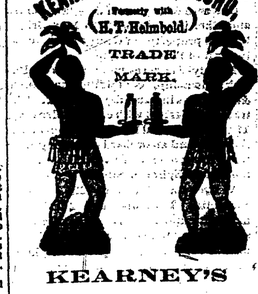
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

195 *7th AVENUE NEW YORK.*

☞Sold by all Druggists.

mar5-73-1y

Miscellaneous.



KEARNEY'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is the only Known Remedy for Bright's Disease and has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the neck of the Bladder and inflamation of the Kidneys. Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, and Looseness or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both Sexes, attended with the following Symptoms: Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Wakefulness, Pain in the back, Flushing of the Body, Eruption on the Face, Pallid countenance, Lassitude of the System, etc.

Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.

In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy. As in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes and all ages.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Cures Diseases Arising from Imprudences, Habits of Dissipation, &c., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflamation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous matter.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

$1 60 per bottle or six bottles for $5 00, delivered to any address, secure from observation. Sold by druggists everywhere. Prepared by

KEARNEY & CO., 101 Duane St., N. Y.

to whom all letters for information should be be addressed. feb5-1y

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

WE CLERGYMEN WERE CURED

of Chronic and Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Kidney, and Nervous Diseases, after years of suffering, by taking *Dr. Fitler's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup*—the scientific discovery of J. P. Fitler, M. D., a regular graduate physician, with whom we are personally acquainted, who has for 20 years treated these diseases exclusively with astonishing results. We believe it our christian duty, after deliberation, to conscientiously request sufferers to use it, especially persons in moderate circumstances who cannot afford to waste time and money on worthless mixtures. As clergymen we seriously feel the deep responsibility resting on us in publicly endorsing this medicine. But our knowledge and experience of its remarkable merit fully justifies our action. Rev. C. H. Ewing, Media, Penn'a, suffered sixteen years, became hopeless. Rev. Thomas Murphy, D.D., Frankfort, Philadelphia. Rev. J. B. Davis, Hightstown, New Jersey. Rev. J. S. Buchanan, Clarence, Iowa. Rev. G. G. Smith, Pittsford, New York. Rev. Joseph Beggs, Falls Church, Philadelphia. Other testimonials from Senators, Governors, Judges, Congressmen, Physicians, &c., forwarded gratis with pamphlet explaining these diseases. One thousand dollars will be presented to any medicine for same diseases showing equal merit under test, or that can produce one-forth as many living cures. Any person sending by letter description of affliction will receive gratis, a legally signed guarantee, naming the number of bottles to cure, agreeing to refund money from sworn statement of its failure to cure. Afflicted, invited to write to Dr. Fitler, Philad'a. His valuable advice costs nothing.

SAMUEL C. HANEN, *Agent.*
feb19-1y ROCHESTER, PA.

Fifth Avenue Clothing Hall

Corner of Fifth and Market Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

1873. Spring Stock 1873.

Is offered lower than any other house in the city. Buyers, *Study Your Own Interest*, and examine the stock of **J. HANNAUH** before purchasing elsewhere.

The stock comprises Men's, Boys', Youths', and Children's Clothing, at *Wholesale and Retail Prices.*

Particular attention given to custom work. *J. HANNAH.*

☞Bring this invitation with you. apr2-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.

RE-ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

C. G. Hammer & Sons,

Manufacturers of Fine and Medium FURNITURE of every description and price, handmade and superior in style and quality than found in most or any other Furniture House this side of the mountains.

Photographs and Price Lists sent on application, or when in the city don't forget the place—Sign of the Large Golden Chair.

46, 48, and 50 SEVENTH AVENUE,

apr2 1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALLPAPER.

SPRING 1873.

Kitchen,	Glazed.
Chamb'r,	Tinted.
Dining,	Damask.
Hall	Gilt.
Library,	Panel.
Sitting,	Column.
Parlor	Embossed.
Church,	Varnished.
Ceiling,	Oiled.

DE ZOUCHE & CO.,

110 Wood Street,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

apr2-3m

Liberal discount to the trade.

The BEST and MOST IMPROVED

Fire and Burglar-Proof

SAFES

AND VAULTS

Are made by the PITTSBURGH SAFE COMPANY,

167 PENN STREET,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

apr2-3m

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

LARGEST STOCK IN THE MARKET.

NEW GOODS OPENED DAILY.

GOODS SOLD AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

Buyers are invited to call at

OUR NEW STORE,

Nos. 239 & 241 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH.

C. ARBUTHNOT..... W. T. SHANNON.

J. G. STEPHENSON.

mar5 3m

Rochester Savings Bank.

GEO. C. SPEYERER.....W. J. SPEYERER,
JOHN GREBING.....L. H. OATMAN,
LOUIS SCHNEIDER.....H. J. SPEYERER, *Cashier.*

SPEYERER & CO.,

Dealers in exchange, Coin, Government Securities, make collections on all accessible points in the United States and Canada, receive money on deposit subject to check, and receive time deposits of one dollar and upward, and allow interest at 6 per cent.

Drafts and Rules furnished free by applying at the bank.

Bank open daily from 7 a. m., till 4 p. m. and on Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock